ESTABLISHED 1784

Oldest Daily Newspaper in the United States and Best Advertising Medium in Northern Virginia.

The Alexandria Gazette

For this section—Cooler today; probably showers tomorrow. High tide tomorrow; 6:57 a. m. 7:20 p. m.

VOL. CXXXVIII— No. 72. *The Gateway to the South* ALEXANDRIA, VA., SATURDAY, MARCH 25, 1922. *The Gateway to the South* PRICE TWO CENTS

SUBMITS REPORT ON DIVORCE TO BAR ASSOCIATION

Committee Says Records Do Not Show Unfairness In Administration by Judge of Corporation Court

BELIEVES SOME LAWYERS GUILTY

Committee Recommends That Judge Request Governor to Designate Some Judge to Hold Grand Jury to Probe Divorce Situation—Supplemental Reports Are Filed.

Report of the Committee of Seven to The Bar Association of Alexandria, Virginia.

Your committee, appointed by the Bar Association of Alexandria, Virginia, to enquire into the report on the alleged evils of the divorce situation, in Alexandria, Virginia, beg to report as follows:

1.—That Howard W. Smith was made chairman of your committee, and J. Randall Caton Secretary.

2.—That J. Randall Caton, C. Keith Carlin, and Howard W. Smith were appointed a sub-committee to examine the records of the Corporation Court of Alexandria, during the time Honorable Robinson Moncure has been Judge therof, so far as divorce suits are concerned.

3.—That said sub-committee devoted a great deal of time to the examination of the records in said divorce cases.

They reported that in the Corporation Court of Alexandria, since Judge Robinson Moncure has been Judge thereof, during a period of about twenty months to the present time eight hundred and seven divorce suits were finally disposed of, and that there are one hundred and ninety-three cases pending in said court, still undetermined.

4.—Your committee examined the records in said divorce cases, and with particular care, certain records in said divorce cases, to which the attention of your committee was specially called by said sub-committee.

Your full committee heard oral appeared before your committee, and testimony from certain witnesses, who your committee further report that there were other witnesses, who appeared before your committee, but who refused to testify.

5.—Your committee further report inquiry, which they were appointed to that they enlarged the scope of the make, and permitted witnesses to state anything they desired concerning the administration of the courts in Alexandria.

6.—After examination of said records, and hearing oral testimony from all witnesses, who appeared before your committee, your committee heard oral argument, Frank Stuart of Alexandria, appearing as prosecutor, and John S. Barbour, of Fairfax, Virginia, appearing as attorney for Honorable Robinson Moncure, Judge of the Corporation Court of Alexandria.

7.—After consideration of said oral testimony, and said records, and said arguments of counsel, your committee submitted the following findings:

Divorce Situation

Making due allowance for the situation of our City on the north edge of the State, and its easy accessibility to a large City, the National Capital, where adultry is practically the only ground for absolute divorce, yet the number of divorces steadily increasing in the last two years, is utterly astounding.

Practically the same law relating to divorces has existed in Virginia for years. There was but one substantial change in the Code of 1919, which went into effect January 13, 1920,

That change was in allowing husband and wife to testify for or against each other in divorce as in all other cases.

In respect to this change, as affecting divorces, the codifiers, in a foot note, said:

"In order to safe guard divorce proceedings, however, and to prevent fraud and collusion, Section 5106 has been so amended as to enact that no divorce shall be granted on the uncorroborated testimony of the parties, or either of them."

Section 5105 forbids a divorce "unless one of the parties has been domiciled in this State for at least one year preceding the commencement of the suit."

It was the duty of the Judge of the Court to see that decrees of divorce were based on sufficient evidence, and that the one year's domicile, together with the actual residence when suit was brought, was established by the evidence.

His attention was specially called to the questionable domicile of parties with Mrs. Baggett, who testified or make affidavit in his court so often in dovirce cases. He continued to accept Mrs. Baggett as witness.

In some cases there was only the slightest, if any, corroborating testimoney as required by the statute.

In a number of the cases all the evidence was taken in Washington.

Divorce Conclusion

The evidence and records did not, and do not, show any corruption, lack of integrity, or unfairness in the administration of the divorce laws, or any other laws of the State of Virginia, on the part of the Corporation Court of Alexandria, or the Judge thereof, but your committee reports that, in its judgment, there was a lax and irregular administration of divorce laws of the Commonwealth, due in its opinion, to inattenton or error of judgment on the part of the Corporation Court of Alexandria, or its Judge.

As to the Lawyers

Your Committee believes that there were irregular and improper practices on the part of some of the lawyers, particularly those having the great bulk of divorce business, and some effort should be made to a ascertain whether there has been any unlawful conduct on their part, which was impossible by this committee, as witnesses refused to appear and it had no

(Continued from page six)

VOTE TO HAVE ROADWAY 56 FEET IN WIDTH

Washington Street Between Duke and Franklin to be Improved

MEETING LAST NIGHT

Practically All Property Owners Attend and Discuss Proposition With Street Committee

Washington street, between Duke and Franklin streets, a distance of four squares, soon will be improved with a modern macadam roadway 56 feet wide. The width of the street was determined upon at a largely attended meeting of the property owners on that street, both white and colored, held last night with the committee on streets, in the chamber of the Common Council. N. J. Lawler, chairman of the street committee, presided and explained the purpose of the meeting.

City Engineer E. C. Dunn told the property owners that their proportion of the cost for a 40-foot street would be about $2.20 a front foot, and that a 56-foot roadway would cost them about $4.40 a front foot. The property owners, it was explained, under the arrangements for a 40-foot roadway would have to pay the cost of laying sidewalks and either fence in or park the additional space. The majority of those present were of the opinion that in the long run the 56-foot roadway would be not only the best, but the most economical, and it would add considerably to the value of their property.

A vote was then taken and all agreed that the roadway should be 56 feet wide, the same as the two squares on that thoroughfare between King and Duke streets. It is expected that the work of improving this street will be started at an early date.

The majority of those present last night signed up to pay their proportion of the cost, based on the number of front feet they have.

Mr. Lawler, chairman of the street committee, who worked hard to get the City Council to make the required appropriation for the improvement of this thoroughfare was tendered a vote of thanks for his untiring efforts in behalf of this measure. For several years past property owners on South Washington street have been striving to have this thoroughfare improved. It is announced that in the event there are any property owners who are not willing to pay their part of the cost, the city will leave the place vacant in front of their property, and simply will have a 27-foot roadway in the center.

According to the present arrangements the property owners will pay one-third of the cost on the first payment and the city will take their notes for the remainder, which may be paid within a period of two years.

The meeting also was addressed by Engineer D J. Howell who expressed his views regarding the proposed improvements.

WASHINGTON DAY BY DAY

Washington, March 25.—Appointment of Emile Treville Holley, a negro living in New York City as principal for the United States Naval Academy examination at Annapolis by Representative M. C. Ansorge, of New York, has aroused no end of unfavorable comment in Washington especially in the Navy Department and among the officers of the navy. Holley has not yet passed the required mental and physical examinations to admission and it may be that this will keep him from the appointment. But if he does get to the Academy there will be discussion and feeling that will last throughout his four years at Annapolis, the extent of which will be determined by Holley's own actions.

Representative Ansorge in excusing his action declared that three negroes had recently been graduated from West Point. Negro graduates at West Point may be assigned to negro regiments in the army but there are no negro officers in the navy and no strictly negro units in the navy and no matter where he was assigned, no matter where he was assigned, Holley would, after graduation, have to assume charge of white sailors.

But Ansorge is seeking re-election and is willing to do anything to bring this about.

Though what remains of Austria may be facing black ruin and bankruptcy, Vienna dances and is gay. Trade Commissioner Upson reports from there to the Department of Commerce that 925 permits for public dances were issued by the city authorities in January of this year.

The income for the city from the tax on licenses to dance was 1,500,000 crowns in 1921, the trade commissioner declares, and he estimates that it will amount to almost 12,000,000 crowns for this year.

In another communication to the Commerce Department Commissioner Upson reports that the University of Vienna has suspended lectures and classes until further notice, because it has not enough coal to heat the rooms.

President Harding does not intend to express any opinion on the bonus measure passed by the House on Thursday by such an overwhelming vote. This was made known at the White House today. Many inquiries have been addressed to the Executive asking him if he would veto the measure if it come to him in its present form. To all such inquiries it is declared the Executive has stated that he would not make any statement about pending legislation in Congress in advance of action by the body.

If the President carries out his already announced determination he will veto the bonus even if it passes the Senate, which is very doubtful at this time.

Backward children are not always, perhaps not often, backward because of either mental deficiency or slothfulness, according to the U. S. Public Health Service. Many of them are backward solely because of such ordinary and easily remediable defects as adenoids, near-sightedness or bad teeth.

In the appointment of Thurston R. Porter to be United States Marshal for China, President Harding has picked another Washington newspaper man for a post abroad. Mr. Porter has lived in Washington for the past eight years, coming here from Buffalo, N. Y. He was in 1916 the editor of the Quantico News, which was published in the office of the Alexandria Gazette.

After coming to Washington, Mr. Porter worked for almost two years on the Washington Herald, leaving that to edit the Quantico paper. Then he went to Paris with the office of the Auditor for the War Department and later joined the Committee on Public Information in Paris. In the past 3 years he has been in Texas, West Virginia, Ohio, Michigan and only recently returned to the Capital from Los Angeles.

Mr. Porter will leave for his new post at Shanghai within the next two weeks. He is a member of the National Press Club, the Masonic fraternity and of Almas Temple of Shriners in Washington.

Isaac Gregg.

HIGH SCHOOL WINS IN DEBATE

Local Students Defeat Fredericksburg High School Scholars

Alexandria won over Fredericksburg in the inter-scholastic debate and reading held here yesterday. This is the first inter-scholastic contest of this kind ever held by the Alexandria High School—but not the last that will be held.

The proposition, Virginia should furnish free text books to all the children of the public schools, was won for the negative by Miss Vinita Smith and Mr. Clarke Slaymaker.

The winning readers were Miss Virginia Wilkins and Mr. Charles M. Shepperson, Jr.

The judges were The Editor of the Gazette, Lieut. Commander C. C. Kress, U. S. N., and Mr Vanderslice, Principal of George Mason High School.

At this week's seminar in education at George Washington University, Miss Kroes Ficklin, of the local high school, read a very interesting paper on The Historic Origin of the Public Schools of Alexandria.

WOODS SCOURED BY POSSE IN MAN HUNT

Armed Men Seek Assailant of Woman Clerk Assaulted Thursday

NEGROES TERRIFIED

Report That Ku-Klux-Klan Will Invade The State Is Taken Seriously By Colored Population

Over 150 members of the Ku Klux Klan of Arlington and Fairfax counties started out at 2:30 a. m., today to scour the wooded hills surrounding McLean for the negro who assaulted Miss Agnes Hawkins early yesterday, it is reported from McLean.

Out of the 150 only about 25, who acted as leaders, wore the white gowns and masks of the order. The territory between McLean and Fairfax courthouse was covered thoroughly during the early morning hours

McLean, Va., March 25.—Fairfax County bristled with excitement this morning, as the search for the negro who brutally assaulted Miss Agnes M. Hawkins, United States government employe, continued.

Negroes in various parts of the county left their homes before midnight and concealed themselves in out of the way places, as the result of a persistent rumor that the Ku Klux plan would take up the search because of "incompetency" on the part of county authorities.

Searching parties, numbering in all upward of 200 persons, searched the countryside throughout the day and night, armed with shot guns, clubs and many other varieties of weapons. The early hours of this morning found the searchers still tirelessly pursuing their self chosen labors.

As the morning hours grew later, the rumor of the ride of the Ku Klux Klan members became more widespread. Negroes were in a state of frenzy, for the rumor intimated that the klansmen would visit the home of every negro in the section, and wuld subject all to a thorouh examination in an effort to find the characteristics of the assailant described by Miss Hawkins.

County officials were also alertly passed over the roads, for they too, had heard the rumor of the klansmen's ride, and they were prepared to urge them to stop because they believed that they would do more "harm than good" by terrorizing the colored population.

One suspected negro, according to county officials, has departed from the county since the commission of the fiendish attack, but his return in momentarily expected "for certain reasons."

Not satisfied with waiting, Acting Commonwealth Attorney Wilson N. Farr, who throughout the day had interviewed a number of suspected persons—all of whom proved their innocence, immediately wired the police of Washington and Baltimore to arrest any man answering the description furnished.

The negro, William Johnson, who has been missing since the crime, is not thought to be involved in the case Officials believe that he fled upon learning that a warrant had been issued for his arrest for making whisky.

Tom Hil, another suspect, wanted by the officers yesterday, was interviewed and released by county authorities.

The man who attacked Miss Hawkins was described by her as being a mulatto about 5 feet 6 inches tall, young and not very strong. He was a stranger, she said.

Criticism was general among the citizenry regarding the way in which the case has been handled by Sheriff J. R. Allison. Charges were made that he had made no effort to stop the culprit from leaving the county, and that he had not notified the authorities of nearby sections.

"Sheriff Allison has badly muddled the case," hotly declared one of the men who has headed a posse of searchers since the first report of the attack was made public. "Yesterday he sat in his automobile for four hours in the heart of this town, and did not do anything to honestly assist in the search."

Sheriff Allison was interviewed yesterday afternoon, at which time he stated that he had been here since lunch time. It was dark before he left

"We have not used bloodhounds in this case because we believe that they will not render any assistance," said the sheriff. "If the negro is not caught by nightfall we will notify surrounding sections to watch out for him to prevent him from the leaving the county."

Commonwealth Attorney Farr held the opinion last night that there was no danger of a lynching should the negro be caught. "The people of this county," he said, "are a law abiding people and we do not

(Continued on Page Three)

RATIFY PACIFIC TREATY IN THE SENATE, 67-27

Vote Is Four More Than The Required Two-Thirds

33 ROLL CALLS HELD

Four Republicans Stand Out Against Pact While 12 Democrats Line up With Administration.

Washington, March 25.—Scarcely had the Senate finished its fight over the Four-Power treaty yesterday, when the House laid the long-controverted soldiers' bonus bill in its lap.

Senate business was halted for the presentation of the measure, which was accomplished with the usual formality. Appearing in the midst of a controversy as to the time for taking up the next of the series of treaties, the House clerk was escorted part way down the center aisle by the clerk of the Senate, who announced:

"Mr. President, a message from the House of Representatives."

Immediately recognized by Senator Wadsworth, who was presiding, the House clerk made a deep bow.

"Mr. President," he said, "I am directed by the House of Representatives to inform the Senate that the House has passed H. R. 10874, to provide adjusted compensation for veterans of the world war, in which the concurrence of the Senate is respectfully requested."

A titter ran around the crowded galleries, and there were broad smiles by many of the senators.

There was a suggestion that the will be referred to the Appropriations Committee. Senator Harrison, of Mississippi, declared that he did not want it, and sent it to the Finance Committee, explaining that it might "disturb the bonus bill that is sleeping there."

"There is no telling," he said, "when that bill will wake up, and I believe we ought to send this measure to some committee that will act on it."

There followed a squabble as to what committee should consider it, but Senator Wadsworth decreed that it should go to the Finance Committee.

Chairman McCumber, of that committee, said the bonus measure could not be taken up until after the tariff bill had been reported to the Senate, but he thought there would be quick action on it, both in the committee and on the Senate floor. He said the tariff bill probably would be sidetracked temporarily in the Senate to let it through.

Senator Smoot, of Utah, the ranking Republican on the committee, said the measure probably would be materially changed.

ALEX. HOSPITAL ACKNOWLEDGES AN ENDOWMENT

Mrs. Kate U. Taylor Makes Gift In Memory of Son

ENDOWS A ROOM

Mrs. Taylor's Interest In the Hospital From Its Inception Has Never Flagged

In the name of the board of managers of the Alexandria Hospital, I am happy to make a most pleasing and gratifying acknowledgement of a very generous gift from one of the oldest friends of the hospital from its inception in its days o flong ago—Mrs. Kate U. Taylor—of $2,500. Mrs. Taylor had furnished a room in the old hospital as a memorial to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George H. Smoot, which later was transferred to the new Alexandria Hospital, and which she now by gift of $1,000 endows in perpetuity.

Mrs. Taylor, in the time of Mrs. Adamson as superintendent of the old hospital, by gift of $50, started a fund for the upkeep of a dispensary, which continued to be an interest to her, even when the new hospital was built by a gift each year through St. Luke's circle of King's Daughters, of which she is president, her interest has continued. Now by gift of $1,500 she desires to outfit and endow, to the memory of her son, Eugene B. Taylor, the dispensary and emergency room in the new Alexandria Hospital, hoping that this gift may be of especial benefit to those to whom the hospital is a charity.

With the highest appreciation and most grateful thanks of the board.

MRS. L. WILBER REID,
President.

IN CONGRESS YESTERDAY

SENATE

Met at noon and recessed at 5:24 p. m. until 12 o'clock today.

Ratified the Four-Power Pacific treaty by a vote of 67 to 27, which was 4 more than the necessary two-thirds. Senators Jones (Democrat), New Mexico, and Crow (Republican), Pennsylvania, who could not be paired, would have voted for the treaty had they been present.

Twelve Democrats—Broussard, of Louisiana; Dial, of South Carolina; Fletcher, of Florida; Kendrick, of Wyoming; McKellar, of Tennessee; Myers, of Montana; Owen, of Oklahoma; Pomerene, of Ohio; Ransdell, of Louisiana; Trammell, of Florida; Underwood, of Georgia, and Williams, of Mississippi—voted for ratification, and four Republicans—Borah, of Idaho! France, of Maryland; Johnson, of California, and La Follette, of Wisconsin—voted against.

The committee reservation adopted incorporates in the treaty this language: "The United States understands that under the statement in this preamble or under the terms of this treaty theret is no commitment to armed force, no alliance, no obligation to join in any defense."

Senator Lodge gave notice that he would call up today the Four-Power supplementary agreement defining the application of the term "insular possesions and insular dominions."

President Harding transmitted a message recommending congressional sanction of the sesquicentennial celebration of the Declaration of Independence in Philadelphia in 1926.

The nomination of George V. Denny, of Savannah, to be collector of customs at Savannah was rejected. After protest from Tennessee senators that five postmasters in that State had been nominated by giving them preference over former service men all the appointments were confirmed.

The soldier bonus bill was received from the House and referred to the Finance Committee.

HOUSE.

Met at noon and adjourned at 4:50 p. m until noon today.

Continued consideration of the army appropriation bill, eliminating from the measure provisions which would have required the withdrawal of certain regular army troops from China, Hawaii, the Panama Canal Zone and Germany by July 1 next.

This action was taken upon the initiative of Chairman Anthony, of the subcommittee which framed the measure. Mr. Anthony asked and was granted unanimous consent to have the provision in question stricken from the bill.

F. M. Dearing, assistant secretary of State, before the Ways and Means Committee urged re-establishment of the $5,000,000 war-time credit to Liberia in the form of a new loan to that amount.

Mr Dearing said the conviction of State Department officials was that the United States was morally obligated to re-establish the credit which was extended during the war and subsequently revoked by this Government.

40-HOUR WEEK FOR FORD PLANTS

Automobile Manufacturer Will Give Men Saturdays and Sundays As Rest Days

Detroit, March 25.—Adoption of the 40-hour week as a permanent policy in all plants of the Ford Motor Company was announced last night by Edsel B. Ford, president of the company.

Under the new plan the factories will be closed on Saturday and Sunday, and about 3,000 men will be added to the force.

The change will affect approximately 50,000 employes, who will continue to receive the minimum $6 a day wage, but will work five 8-hour days weekly

New employes, however, will receive a minimum of $5 daily, the pre war scale.

In making the announcement Mr. Ford said he had reached the conclusion that the 40 hour week was practial, that the additional day of rest would prove a benfit to the workers and that the production schedules of the Ford industry could be so arranged as to maintain the present output on the curtailed working week.

"Every man," Mr. Ford's announcement said, "needs more than one day a week for rest and recreation. The Ford company always has sought to promote ideal home life for its employes. We believe that in order to live properly every man should have more time to spend with his family, more time for self-improvement. more time for building up the place called home."

Mrs. W. H. Scrivener Dies

Mrs. William H. Scrivener, of Washington, D. C., wife of William H. Scrivener, formerly of this city, died at her residence, 608 Sixth street, S. W., Washington, D. C., Friday, March 24.

She is survived by her mother, Mrs. A. Whitlock; one sister, Mrs. Arthur Sine; her husband and one daughter. Funeral services will be held Monday at her late residence at 2 o'clock, and burial will be in Bethel cemetery, this city.

TO PARALYZE COAL MINES IS UNION PLAN

Policy Committee Requests That All Coal Workers Go Out

UNANIMOUS VOTE

No Dissent As to Calling Strike—Farrington Pledges Support—Stone and Lewis Confer

Cleveland, March 23.—A complete tie-up of the nation's coal industry by 200,000 nonunion miners joining the solid ranks of the 500,000 union workers was the program adopted last night by the general policy committee of the United Mine Workers of America for the nation-wide strike set for April 1.

By a unanimous vote of its 116 members the committee affirmed the policy of a general suspension of union workers, which prohibited the consummation of single State agreements, and followed this by directing district and union officials to ask all nonunion men to join the strike.

The unanimity of action late in the day permitted a final adjournment tonight, although the committee had planned to continue sessions tomorrow.

The resolution for an immediate call to the nonunion men also provided that the "international and district unions exert all their powers and influence to bring about a strike in the nonunion coal fields of America."

The resolution was offered by Van Bittner, of Pittsburg, Pa., who represented the provisional Kansas union organization at the committee meeting, and it was adopter without objection and practically without discussion.

The indorsement of the policy of a general suspension of the union miners was the committee's acceptance of the program laid down by the union's convention a month ago, the suspension being ordered with the avowed purpose of gaining wage increases for anthracite miners and retaining present basic wages for the soft coal workers.

Although taking action, which the union leaders said they hoped would stop the mining of a pound of coal after April 1, the committee declared itself as not intending to cause any public suffering. In line with this stand the committee authorized the district union officials to permit any mine to be operated whenever necessary to meet an emergency.

Under this program the officials said it would be possible to supply fuel for public utilities and institutions whenever the big stocks now on hand run low. The aim of the strike, it was explained in this connection, was to prevent the mining of commercial coal as a means of forcing operators to concede the union's wage demands.

In addition, the committee also affirmed the provision of the strike call providing for all necessary protection being given to the mines during the strike. The only condition added by the committee was that pumpmen, engineers, firemen and others who will remain at work shall receive the present scale of wages. Ten thousand men, it was estimated, would remain at the mines under this provision, but the selection of these was left to district union officials.

Referred To Mrs. Howard

Harmon Foundation Inc., New York

The Editor
Alexandria Gazette.
Alexandria, Virginia.
Dear Sir:

During the month of February I saw in the columns of your paper an announcement that there is soon to be a movement in your city to establish children's playgrounds at the suggestion of Mr. Feldtkeller, I believe.

This Foundation was organized last October to assist towns and mall cities in acquiring land for play purposes whether for organized playgrounds, athletic fileds, swimming holes, picnic grunds or what not. Our methods have been demonstrated and we are now organizing on a national scale.

The enclosed pamphlet will give you in some detail one way to secure land for such a purpose, that proves to be unique enough to be very attractive. As we are a non-profit organization, we can make no charge for the services of our Field Secretaries. Our plans are still most elastic and we are determined upon only one point, that we will establish playgrounds wherever they are needed and wehrever there is any sort of crystallized demand for them in some way or another.

If we can be of any assistance to you through your paper, or local Chamber of Commerce, Rotary Club or any sort of organization that can sponsor a local movement, we shall be very glad indeed to get into touch with you if you so desire

Sincerely yours,
Ethel L. Bedient, Director.

Alexandria Gazette
SIC SEMPER TYRANNIS
AND VIRGINIA ADVERTISER

THEODORE HARRIS, President.

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Bryant, Griffith and Brunson,
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For Greater Alexandria

Ferry to Maryland Shore.
Improved Highway to Fairfax.
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Belgian Blocks replaced on Washington Highway by asphalt.
North Alfred and Columbus Streets improved to Washington Boulevard.
New Public School.
Washington Boulevard made safe by abutting strips.
More Playgrounds for the children.
Public Park.
Modern Y. M. C. A. Building.
Reduction in Gas Rates.
Reduction in City Taxes.
500 Houses or Apartments.
Municipal Pier

OUR OIL AND GAS SUPPLY

The United States Bureau of Mines has just issued a statement that will relieve the apprehension of the country's motorists that their supply of gas is in danger of failure. The stocks of this very necessary fluid were increased in the month of January by 119,000,000 gallons. On February 1st there was a reserve on hand of 705,700,000 gallons, which is 130,000,000 gallons more than last year at the same date. The figures are rapidly approaching the 800 million-gallon record made in May, 1921. The production of gasoline in January of this year amounted to 444,622,783 gallons, and our imports were 8,250,393 gallons. Our domestic consumption was 282,717,168 gallons, and our exports were 49,856,310 gallons. We shipped to our insular possessions 675,659 gallons more.

The present stocks in the United States are equal to a fifty days' supply, based on the total daily average consumption for 1921. There were 292 operative refineries in the country on February 1st of this year, with an indicated daily capacity of 1,753,940 barrels. The plants running at that date continued to operate on an 80 per cent basis.

If the coal strike projected for All Fools' Day goes into effect next week, there will naturally be an increased demand for gas and fuel oils. We had on hand on February 1st of this year stocks of these oils amounting to 1,319,481,359 gallons. Based on the daily average domestic consumption for 1921, we had a supply on hand equivalent to sixty-eight days' supply. The production of these oils in January was 855,110,877 gallons.

Our output of kerosene for the same month was 172,917,141 gallons, an increase of 2,500,000 gallons over the preceding month. But in spite of this increased production, stocks of kerosene decreased 13,500,000 gallons—thus indicating a quickening of the activity in this product.

Stocks of lubricating oil on hand February 1st were 245,000,000 gallons, an increase of 28,465,000 gallons over the month previous.

As we stated in a recent editorial, our deposits of petroleum are sufficient to last us 400 million horse-power years. So that we may cheerfully advise our readers to go to any one of the obliging automobile dealers in Alexandria and buy that car they have been dreaming about during the inhospitable winter months just ending.

LORTON NEWS

Mr. and Mrs. M. M. Barnard and Mrs. J. H. Madara were in Washington Monday evening. Mr. Barnard attended the meeting of the Board of Trade. Mrs. Barnard, with Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Madara, attended the theater.

Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Byington have returned to their home on Ox Road, after spending the winter in Washington. Mr. and Mrs. Byington had as their guests over Sunday Mr. and Mrs. T. Violet of Washington.

Mrs. Douglas Janney entertained the Bridge Club on Wednesday afternoon at her home in Occoquan.

The dance held on Friday evening by few men of the Lorton and Occoquan Dancing Club was a most pleasant affair. About 70 were present. Music was furnished by an orchestra from Clarendon, Va.

The supper held on Friday evening for the benefit of the Monday Evening Club was a success. Most everything for the supper was contributed. $91.40 was the amount taken in and of this amount $72.29 was cleared.

This money goes toward the purchase of a radiophone for the use of the club. The selection of the style of radiophone will be made Friday. Mr. W. H. Moyer, L. I. Dolph and Chas. D. Reeder have been appointed to make the purchase.

Miss Irene Tyers has returned home after a visit with her sister in Washington.

Mr. Bixby of Lowell, Mass., spent a short visit with his friends, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Raymond, and family. Mr. Bixby is returning home from an extended visit in Florida.

Mrs. C. B. Backus of Rosemont, Va., and her cousin, Mr. Wright, were down for the dance at Occoquan on Friday evening. They were entertained at the home of Dr. and Mrs. F. W. Hornbaker.

Mrs. M. E. Davis was in Washington on Wednesday shopping.

Mrs. D. H. Pugh has been indisposed for the past week at her home on Ox Road.

Mrs. John Clancey and Mrs. J. H. Madara were shopping in Washington and Alexandria on Friday.

Postmaster Mathews continues ill at his home suffering from la grippe.

Mr. and Mrs. Guy Springman of Alexandria were the guests on Sunday of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Springman.

The Rev. Dr. Chappel of the Mt. Vernon Place M. E. Church, Washington, D. C., gave a lecture at Woodbridge on Monday evening.

Mr. Robert Rhine, Miss Emma Weller, Mrs. Sarah Broaders and son, Douglas, of Washington, D. C., spent Sunday as the guests of Mrs. Minnie R. Herndon.

Mrs. William Phillips, of Richmond, Va., was the week end guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Springman.

Mrs. Lewis Deavers who was very sick the latter part of the week, is able to be up again.

Crescent Lodge No. 33, I. O. O. F., on Tuesday evening elected C. L. Gill, as their representative to the Grand Lodge which meets in May. Gus Grimsley as alternate.

Mr. Norman English was taken to his home last week suffering from appendicitis. His condition has improved such that an operation is not necessary.

Mary Anderson in Bubbles will be shown on Saturday, the 25th, at the Lyric, Occoquan.

The employees of the Workhouse and Reformatory have organized a Base Ball Club. Their first practice will be on Friday afternoon. John T. Schaaff is acting manager. He is in hopes that he will be ready in the near future to arrange for games with teams in this immediate vicinity.

Accotink Lodge, I. O. O. F., No. 75, continues to be one of the most active country lodges in this section of the state. With a Grand Lodge officer like E. H. Allen, it could not very well be otherwise. A new addition has been made to the hall to make necessary room to transact business. Arrangements are being made to celebrate the 103d anniversary of the Order at Camp Humphreys on Sunday, April 30. Also they are expecting a visit soon from the Baby Lodge at Arlington, Va., to confer the degrees. Arlington Lodge is today one of the prosperous Lodges in the Northern part of Virginia.

MANY USEFUL GIFTS

The following lists of articles made in the industrial arts classes of the State Normal School at Gorham, Maine, and sent to the Italian Mission in Portland, Maine, and to Ellis Island, contain many useful suggestions for gifts to children in hospitals or other institutions.

The Maine Juniors sent to the Italian Mission 32 boxes of candy, 15 rag dolls, 14 toy elephants, 6 toy dogs, 1 toy cat, 8 Santa Claus jumping-jacks, 1 doll's hammock and standard, and 1 Stevenson booklet.

For the immigrant children on Ellis Island the Gorham Juniors made 6 Santa Claus jumping-jacks, 20 toy elephants, 14 rag dolls, 8 toy dogs, 1 rabbit, 2 doll's caps, and 1 braided rug for a doll house.

An Unfinished Task

On the other side of the Atlantic there are today thousands of children who look upon the school girls and boys of America as their warmest friends, their benefactors. When they were hungry, ragged and homeless, it was these young friends in the United States who provided food and clothing and shelter. It was their young friends have opened to them coveted educational opportunities. These newfound friends have taught them the spirit of the Junior American Red Cross motto, "I serve," and inspired within them the desire to do for others.

With that beautiful faith of children, the boys and girls of Europe have accepted without qualification the message of friendship carried to them by the representatives of the Junior American Red Cross, and their response has been quick and sincere. A boy in Czechoslovakia wrote, "Sometimes we go out for a walk and we sing with all our strength the Junior song. We like the idea that all Juniors all over the world are singing the same." In a letter to "Dear American Girls," an eight grade girl in Rome writes "Our class is writing to you in order that we, Italian schoolgirls, may keep in touch with you and that we younger people of both the countries may cement the friendship that has always existed between Italy and America." From France comes this word of thanks, "It was owing to you, deor children, and your kind generosity that I was able to continue my studies." A group of Belgian children gave this message to a representative of the Junior Red Cross, "Before you had the kind thought or offering us this wonderful playground, we, the children, were always too numerous and not enough disciplined to be allowed to remain in the park Now what joy! What a splendid offering! Before you go back to your country we wish to tell you of our immense happiness, asking you to conceive it to our little friends in America" Expressions such as these come from every country where the Junior Red Cross has gone with its work for children by children. To turn back now, to fail to live up to the high opinion the overseas children have formed of the children of America, would be little short of a calamity world-wide in its scope. It would mean the surrender of a great opportunity to bring together the future generations of all the nations of the earth in everlasting bonds of friendship and mutual understanding.

Just now each of the more than 30,000 schools enrolled in the Junior American Red Cross is being given the opportunity to share in this international program by contributing from their Junior Service Fund to the National Children's Fund. out of which the overseas work of the Juniors is financed.

Miss Sonoki Matsummoto, aged 18, of Tokio, has had bestowed upon her the honor of being the most beautiful girl in all Japan.

BILL REDUCING TAX ON BONDS AND NOTES SIGNED BY GOV.

The bill reducing the rate on bonds, notes and demands from $1.10 to 55c was signed by Governor E. Lee Trinkle today and will apply to the taxes for the current year. The reduction was recommended by Governor Trinkle in his inaugural address for the purpose of providing ready money at a reasonable rate of interest for the indispensable needs of all classes of people; to provide funds in rural districts for financing crops, and in cities for the encouragement of building, and for the promotion generally of the industrial activities of the State. The governor pointed out at that time that millions of dollars of Virginia money are now bein gloaned in other States of the Union which permit higher interest charges, and that a reduction in the tax rate by the State would allow a greater return to the investor on money invested in this State and thereby encourage the loaning of this money in Virginia, where it would aid in the development of the State.

While the new law relieves the taxpayer from the payment of back taxes on this class of people; to provide tarily reports it for taxation this year and pays the tax thereon by December 1, it contains drastic provisions designed to force taxpayers to charges, and that a reduction in the ation in the future. It is generally recognized that millions of dollars'

Speakin' o' th' ole expression "How kin I ever repay you?" Senator Newberry don't seem t' be cuttin' any more ice than th' cheaper, off-year accidents in congress. Th' hardest thing is writin' a recommendation fer someone you know.

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worth of this class of property are concealed every year, thus escaping taxation. Under the new law if such property i somitted from taxation and is afterwards discovered by the taxing officer, a penalty of $100 per cent will be added to the taxes. Moreover, no owner of bonds, notes or other evidence of debt will be allowed to institute a suit for the collection of the same, unless he alleges that the bonds, notes, or other evidence of debt on which he is suing have been reported for taxation and assessed for each and every year of which he was the owner, and no judgment rendered in such a suit will be valid unless it recites that such allegation was made. In discussing this provision of the law, the governor stated:

"This is a drastic provision, but our courts should not assist in the collection of debts upon which the proper taxes have not been paid."

Under the new law taxpayers will not be allowed to deduct bonds, notes, or debts owing to others. While some few taxpayers who have been accustomed to offset a part of this class of property with their debts will be required to pay taxes on a larger volume than heretofore, the reduction of the tax rate will tend to lessen the amount of the taxes, and the elimination of the deductions will place the owners of this class of property on the same footing with owners of real estate and tangible personal property who have never been allowed deductions or offsets. This provision will also eliminate many improper deductions which have been claimed under the old law, and will, it is believed, make up a large part of the deficit which would ordinarily result from a reduction of the tax rate.

The bill also changes the definition of money on deposit. Under the old law money on deposit with any bank or other corporation or firm or person was taxable at 20 per cent. A practice developed among a number of taxpayers connected with corporations o fplacing with the corporation money subject to call upon which they received interest at 6 per centum per annum. This money was reported for taxation as money on deposit, and taxed at 20c. Under the law as amended, unless the money is deposited with a bank or other corporation or firm or person doing a banking business, it is classed as a debt and taxed at 55c. And even though the money is on deposit with a bank, if a certificate of deposit bearing a total interest rate paid or to be paid exceeding 5 per centum per annum is issued therefor, such certificate of deposit is taxable as an evidence of debt, and bears the 55c rate.

The new law contains a further provision that any person, firm or corporation, who, for the purpose of evading taxation, within thirty (30) days prior to the first day of February of any year, either directly or indirectly, converts any intangible property or money taxable under the laws of this State, into a form of property which is non-taxable by this State, or, with like intent, either directly or indirectly, converts such intangible personal property or money into a form of property which is taxable by this State at a lower rate than the intangible personal property or money so converted, shall be taxable on such intangible personal property or money as if such conversion had not taken place; and the fact that such person, firm or corporation, within 30 days after the first day of February, either directly or indirectly, reconverts such property non-taxable by this State or taxable at the lower rate by this State, into intangible personal property or money taxable at the higher rate, is prima facie evidence of intent to evade taxation by this State, and the burden of proof is upon such person, firm or corporation to show that the first converaion was for the bona fide purpose of investment, and not for the purpose of evading taxation by this State.

In commenting on the effect of the new law, Gov. Trinke said: "By the enactment of this law the State has demonstrated its desire to be fair in its tax rate with the owners of intangible property, and I believe the citizens will display the same degree of fairness, and millinos of dollars of this class of property which have heretofore escaped taxation will be reported and taxed, and that the reduction in rate will result in an increase in revenue to both the State and localities. I have already received a copy of a letter which is being sent out by one of the largest companies dealing in this class of property in the city of Richmond to its customers announcing a reduction in brokerage charges from 1 1-2 per cent to 1 per cent per annum as a result of the enactment o this law. I am convinced that it is a progressive measure, and will greatly promote the development of the State."

NOTICE

To the Stockholders of the Columbus Country Club, Inc:

Take notice that a meeting of the stockholders of the corporation will be held at the Club House, Fort Berry, Arlington, Virginia, on Monday, April 10th, 1922, at 8 o'clock p. m., to take action upon a resolution adopted by the board of directors, March 20th, 1922, declaring that in the judgment of the said board, it was deemed advisable and for the beenfit of this corporation chartered and existing under the laws of the State of Virginia) that it should be dissolved.

Dated March 21st, 1922.

John D. Powers,
Secretary.

71-12c.

COAL COAL COAL
For The Balance of This Season
We urge our customers not to delay storing enough coal to carry them through the balance of this season.
W. A. SMOOT & CO., Inc.

SPECIAL NOTICE

The annual meeting of the stock holders of the Great Falls Power Company, for the election of directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting, will be held at the office of C. C. Carlin, 107 North Fairfax Street, Alexandria, Virginia, on Thursday, April 6, 1922, at 12:00 o'clock noon.

71-11c. S. R. Bowen, Secretary.

"ECONOMY"
(Copyright)

TO THE CONSUMERS
ALEXANDRIA WATER COMPANY
The City contemplates improving at once the following streets:
Pitt Street, From Prince to Duke
Prince Street, From Royal to Henry
Duke Street, Rrom Royal to Henry
Washington Street, From Duke to Franklin
Property owners are urged to have their service lines examined and renewed at once in order to have improved service before said streets are improved and resurfaced.
ALEXANDRIA WATER COMPANY

Let this trade mark ENGLANDER be your guide —when you buy
Couch Beds
Da-Beds
Double-Da-Beds
Wil-Edge Springs
Three-Piece Beds
Foldaway Beds
Cots and Cribs
Hammocks
Mattresses
Cosy Beds
Divans
ENGLANDER Couch Bed
The luxury and convenience of this ENGLANDER Couch Bed can be imagined from the illustration. A home necessity that you can convert, with one motion, from an attractive couch to a full sized bed.

Sold Everywhere by Furniture Dealers and Dept. Stores. Write for Booklet 501.
ENGLANDER SPRING BED CO., New York, Chicago, Brooklyn
ENGLANDER
PRODUCTIONS FOR SLEEP AND REST

The Magic Carpet

YOU could sit on the fabled carpet of Bagdad and view the world. In the whisk of an eyelash it would carry you any place you wanted to go. All you had to do was wish.

Advertising is a sort of magic carpet. Read it and in the twinkling of an eye you can review the merchandise of the world, pictured and displayed for your benefit.

You can pick up this paper and in fifteen minutes know what the different shops are offering in the way of fabrics, patterns, varieties and qualities of almost anything you want.

The advertisements introduce you to the latest styles—the newest comforts for the home—the best of the world's inventions. They tell you how to buy, where to buy and when to buy. They keep you posted on things necessary to feed and clothe you and your family and make you comfortable and happy.

Read the advertisements as a matter of education. Read them to keep abreast of progress.

Read the advertisements regularly.

CITY NEWS IN BRIEF

Miss Margaret Thompson is the week end guest of Mr. and Mrs. George H. Schwarzmann.

Mrs. Joseph M. Cornell is quite sick at her home in Correll Avenue, Del Ray.

Mr. A. M. Remschell, who has been ill with the grip for some time past, is able to sit up and he hopes to be able to be out shortly.

A meeting of Alexandria Lodge No. 758, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, will be held at eight o'clock Monday night when there will be an initiation.

Mr. William Blair, of Atlantic City, is spending the week end with Mr and Mrs. George H. Schwarzmann, in North Washington street.

Mrs Clement E. Conger has returned to Harrisonburg after spending the week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. William Ramsey, in Cameron street.

The W. F. Watson Memorial Philathea Class of the First Baptist Church, will meet in the Sunday School room at 9:30 tomorrow. All young ladies are cordially invited.

The Willard W. C. T. U., will hold its meeting Monday evening at 8 o'clock, at the residence of Mrs. O. B Pierpoint, 114 North Columbus street. A full attendance is urged.

Mr. and Mrs. George K Pickett, of "City View," Alexandria, announce the engagement of their granddaughter, Rebecca Lewis Moore, to Ensign Carl S. Drischler, United States Navy, also of Alexandria, formerly of St. Louis, Mo. The wedding will take place in the early summer.

Rev. Dr. D. H. Martin, pastor of Trinity M. E. Church, will have as his subject tomorrow morning at 11:00 a. m., "The Love That Never Faileth." At 7:30 p. m., his theme will be, "Descriptive Lecture on the Holy Land."

Mrs. J. Lawrence Perry as chairman of the music committee for the musicale and tea to be given on Monday afternoon April 3rd, from 3:30 to 6 p. m., in the Nurses' Home under auspices of the Auxiliary Board to the Alexandria Hospital is arranging some attractive members, with some of the most popular talent in and around Alexandria.

Miss Rose L Brown died this morning at the Alexandria Hospital. Miss Brown was sixty years old. The body was taken to Wheatley's mortuary chapel and prepared for burial. The funeral arrangements have not been completed.

Mr .and Mrs. S. M. Bytington, of Occoquan, Va., are spending the week-end as the guests of Mrs C. R. Davis, in Prince street.

Hon. C. C. Carlin, is spending a few days at the new Ambassador Hotel, Park Avenue, and Fifty-first Street, New York City, N. Y.

The regular meeting of Alexandria Lodge of Elks will be held at 7:30 p. m. Monday, instead of 8 o'clock, in order to allow the members to attend the mass meeting which will be held in the auditorium of the Elks' Home at 8 o'clock.

Rites For Mrs. Ann E. Knight

The funeral of Mrs. Ann E. Knight, widow of Ferdinand Knight, who died Wednesday night, took place at 3 o'clock this afternoon from her late residence, 209 Gibbon street. Services were conducted by Rev. Dr. D. H. Martin, pastor of Trinity M. E. Church, and burial was in the Methodist Cemetery. Six grandsons of Mrs. Knight served as pallbearers, as follows: F. Clinton Knight, Leonard M. Knight, Robert E. Knight, Jr., John Herbert Knight, Julian Knight, Jr., and George Hepburn. The services were attended by a large gathering of relatives and friends of the deceased.

Frank B. Warwick Dies In Pasadena, Cal.

Word has been received in this city of the death Thursday in Pasadena, California, of Frank B. Warwick, a former resident of Rosemont. The deceased is survived by his wife and a brother. About three years ago Mr. Warwick moved to Pasadena for the benefit of his health. His brother, Walter Warwick, is comptroller of the U. S. Treasury. The burial will be made in Pasadena.

Ministers at M. E. South Church Tomorrow

Two ministers attending the Baltimore conference of the M. E. Church South will occupy the pulpit in the M. E. Church South in this city tomorrow. At the evening services Rev. S. K. Cockrell, of Woodstock, Va., will preach and at the evening service Rev. J. J. Rives, of Roanoke Va, will preach.

Result of Campaign

At the service tomorrow in the Second Presbyterian Church, Rev. Dr. John Allison will announce the result of the recent canvass for Christian education made in the church. A large congregation is expected. Dr. Allison will preach in the morning on "Cure for the World's Ills." The evening service will be evangelistic. Special music.

Bible Thought for Today

I am the first, and I am the last: and besides me there is no God. . . . Is there a God besides me? yea, there is no God: I know not any. —Isa. 44: 6, 8.

SOLDIER BONUS NOW IN SENATE

Bill as Passed by House Is Greeted With Quiet Mirth

Senator Smoot Gives Notice That It Will Be Materially Changed—To be Taken up Soon

Washington, March 25.—The four power Pacific treaty was ratified by the Senate yesterday afternoon by a vote of 67 to 27, a margin of four votes over the required two thirds majority

On the final roll call four Republicans—Borah, Johnson, La Follette and France—voted against ratification. Twelve Democrats including Senator Underwood, of the American delegation at the Arms Conference, voted for ratification.

Through the several hours of balloting on reservations and amendments the two Maryland Senators were split. Senator Weller voted consitently against reservations and Senator France supported the various proposals to change the treaty.

From the outset of the balloting it was apparent the Administration had the votes to ratify. The first reservation offered, that by Senator Johnson, was rejected, 64 to 28, and the closest vote during the day was on the Walsh reservation, which lost, 55 to 36, only a majority vote being required to defeat them.

The compromise Brandegee reservation reported by the Foreign Relations Committee, and declaring that the United States understood that the treaty does not constitute "an alliance," was adopted, 92 to 2. Only Senator Spencer, Republican, of Missouri, and Senator Williams, Democrat, of Mississippi, voted against. All other reservations and amendments were defeated by the Administration forces.

The Brandegee reservation, approved by the Foreign Relations Committee, read:

The United States understands that under the statement in the preamble or under the terms of this treaty there is no commitment to armed force, no alliance, no obligation to join in any defense.

Altogether the day in the Senate was tiresome. There was no debate, under the previously announced unanimous consent agreement, and hours were spent in calling the roll. There were 33 roll calls in all, two on points of no quorum and 31 on reservations, amendments and adoption of the sections of the treaty.

Practically the entire Senate membership was present Senator Crow, Republican, of Pennsylvania, and Seantor Jones, Democrat, of New Mexico, were the only absentees. Both are ill, but it was announced that they had been present they would have voted for ratification.

Final Plans Monday

Style Show Committee to Meet at 3 P. M., That Day

Another meeting of the committee of the retail merchants' bureau of the Chamber of Commerce and the automobile bureau of that body will be held at 3 o'clock Monday afternoon for the purpose of completing arrangements for the style show which will be held April 4, 5 and 6. There was a meeting of this committee last night, but nothing definite was done.

DR. AGAR COMING

On next Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock, in the First Baptist Church, Dr. F. A. Agar, of New York, will lecture on "The High Cost of Loving."

Dr. Agar happens to be in Washington at this time and has been persuaded to give his famous lecture in Alexandria. He speaks before the women at 7 o'clock. These addresses are free to all and will prove of great interest.

CHARTERS GRANTED

The state corporation commission has granted a charter to the Pardoe Gillespie Company, Inc., Fairfax, Va. Maximum, $50,000; minimum, $5,000 Charles H. Pardoe, president, Washington, D. C.; Frances G Gillespie, secretary, Fairfax, Va., and Berkeley S. Gillespie, Fairfax, Va. To deal in building materials and carry on a general construction buiness.

Certificate of authority issued to Patapsco Guano Company, a foreign corporation incrprated under the laws of the State of New York. Maximum, $10,000. Principal office in the State of Virginia is to be located at Alexandria with J. Y. Williams in charge. To manufacture and deal in fertilizers and fertilizer materials.

Parent Teachers Meeting Monday

The regular meeting of the Parents-Teachers' Association will be held Monday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock in the Lee School Building. All patrons of the schools are urgently requested to be present to make arrangements for the entertainment of the teachers coming here for the conference on March 30 and 31. The Parent-Teachers' Association has undertaken to serve lunch both days and it is important that each member do her part.

PIONEERS MEET

Alexandria Pioneers have anticipated spring. At their meetings last evening held at several of the churches of the city spring activities were the chief topic of conversation. The meeting of St. Paul's Troop No. 1, at the parish hall was full of pep and business matters were decided without much hesitancy

White Eagle Troop, No. 7, left this morning for a hike to Fort Lyon with Troop Leader David Jones in charge. They will be gone the greater part of the day and had eats enough to last a week from all appearances.

The much delayed trip of troops four, five, six, and seven to the plant of the Alexandria County Lighting Company was set for Friday evening, March 31. The visit was to have been made several weeks ago, but the weather man combated the boys so often that they decided to wait until better weather seemed to be in evidence.

Saturday, April eighth, the boys from all troops will visit the Potomac Works and see the Lamond plant make sewer pipe. Mr. Lamond, who is president of the Y. M. C. A., has promised to demonstrate every phase of the plant to the boys from the blasting of the dirt to the burning of the finished pipe in the big kilns.

At The Churches Tomorrow

St. Mary's Church, Rev. Louis Smet pastor, masses 7, 9 and 11 a. m. Sunday school 10 to 11 o'clock. Lenten services, masses every morning 6 and 7.30, evening services, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 7.30 p. m., with special service for the children every Thursday at 3.15 p. m.

Christ Church, Rev. Wm. J. Morton, D. D. rector, Sunday School and Bible Class at 9:30 a. m. Services and sermon 11 a m., and 8 p. m. Pews free and all welcome.

Preceding the evening service there will be organ recital, beginning at 7:30. See program in another column.

Trinity M. E. Church, Sunday services, 9:30 a m.. Sunday School, 9:45 Men's Bible Class.

A cordial invitation is extended to all men not connected with any other Bible Class.

11:00 a. m., sermon by Dr. Martin, pastor.

7:30 p m., sermon by Dr. Martin. The public is cordially invited to attend both public services.

Pentecostal Services at 102 South Washington street, Sunday School, 10 a. m., preaching services 2:30 p. m., and 7:30 p. m., Thursday. All welcome. P. C. Duborg, pastor.

Free Methodist Church, Rev. E. W. Sandys pastor. Sunday School at 10 a. m. Preaching at 11 a. m., followed by class meeting. Also the 1st Sabbath in every month will be an old fashioned close class meeting. Class meetings on Tuesdays at 7:30 p. m. Prayer meetings on Thursdays at 7:30 p. m. Young People's meeting every Sabbath evening at 6:30 p. m. Preaching at 7:30 p. m., by pastor.

Immanuel Lutheran Church, Rev. Carl Goette, pastor. Sunday School, 9:30 a. m. Services 11 a. m.

Grace Episcopal Church, Rev. Edgar Carpenter, rector, order of services tomorrow; Holy Communion. 7:30 a. m., Sunday School, 9:30 a. m., morning service, 11 a. m.; evening service, 7:30 p. m.

The Methodist Episcopal Church, South, West side South Washington street, near King. Rev. Dr. E. V. Regester, pastor. Services at 11 a. m., and 8 p. m. Sunday School, 9:30 a. m. The Henry K. Field Bible Class for men at 9:45 a. m. The men of Alexandria and vicinity will be welcomed here. Epworth League 7:15.

Methodist Protestant Church. N. Washington Street—Rev. Robert Browne pastor, will preach at both services tomorrow.

Sunday School meets at 9:30 a. m. The pastor's Adult Bible Class for men and women will meet in the Auditorium of the church at 9:45 a. m. All men and women not attending other schools or invited, this is a mixed class of men and women. come and bring a friend.

Morning worship and sermon at 11 o'clock.

The pastor will take as his subject, "Tracing the Scarlet Thread."

Young People's Meeting at seven o'clock. All Boy and Girl Scouts invited to take part in this meeting.

Evening service of song at 7:45. A bright hearty song service of old time songs for 20 minutes, come along and join in the singing. It will do you good. The pastor's subject will be, "The Glorious Gospel of The Son of God."

Everybody invited to these popular services.

The church you will feel at home in Come.

Second Presbyterian Church services Sunday 11 a. m., and 8 p. m., Rev. Jno. L. Allison, rector. Sunday School at 9:30 a. m., Christian Endeavor at 7 p. m.

Christian Science Society—Services at Lee Camp Hall, 806 Prince street, Sunday at 11 a. m., and Sunday School at 10 a. m., and services Wednesday at 8 p. m.

Pohick Church—Rev. E. W. Mellchampe rector. Services at 11:00 a. m.

Meade Episcopal Chapel—Rev. Lorenzo A. King, rector. Morning prayer and sermon at 11 a. m., Sunday School, 3:30 p. m. Evening prayer and address 5 o'clock.

Holy Communion first Sunday in the month 11 a. m., third Sunday at 7:30 a. m.

Second Baptist Church, Rev. O. P. Lloyd, pastor. Morning worship 10 a. m., evening worship, 7:45. Preaching by the pastor, Rev. Owen P Lloyd. Sunday School 9:30 a. m. Bible Class "J. P. Woody Bureau" for men. J. A Hulfish, President, T. L. Noell, teacher, C. M. Houston, assistant teacher. Classes for all ages. Geo. K. Bender, superintendent.

B. Y. P. U., 6:45 p. m. E. L. Cornell, president.

Midweek prayer meeting, Wednesday, 7:45 p. m.

First Baptist Church, Rev. Eugene B. Jackson, D. D., pastor, residence 126 North Columbus street. Sunday 11:00 a. m., Worship with preaching.

7:45, Worship with preaching.

Wednesday, 8 p. m., Praise and Prayer Service.

Woman's Missionary Society, Mrs. E. B. Jackson, President, second Friday evening in each month at the church.

Young Woman's Auxiliary, Miss Mary Williamson, President, first Monday in each month, at 717 Princess street.

Young Girl's Auxiliary, Mrs. L Risheill, in charge, first and third Wednesdays in each month at 3 p. m.

Sunbeams, Miss Rigney, in charge. Meeting alternating Sundays at 3 p. m., at the church.

Royal Ambassadors. J. C. Gaines, leader, meeting each Friday evening at 7.30 at the church societies. B. Y. P. U., 6.45 p. m.

Aid Society, Mrs. N. L. Williamson, President, Mite Society, Mrs. A. S Mankin, President. Meeting the first Thursday in each month at the church, at 3 p. m.

Social Union, Mr. Charles Yeager, President, last Friday in each month at private homes, in the evening.

St. Paul's Episcopal Church, Pitt street, near Duke., Rev. Percy Foster Hall, rector.

9:30 a. m., Sunday School.

9:45 a. m., Bible Clases for Men and Women.

11 a. m., service, with sermon, 4th of the Series on "The Whole Armor of God." "The Shield of Faith." What is Faith? Why is it a shield? What are the fiery darts of the wicked?"

4:30 p. m., Monthly Children's Hour.

8 p. m., service and sermon. "The Syrophenician Woman." This poor half-breed can teach us much.

Lenten services Tuesday, Thursday and Friday at 5 p. m. (Children especially invited on Fridays and Wednesdays at 8 p. m. On Tuesday night we shall attend Prof. Rollins lecture on "Galations" at Christ Church.

Wednesday, April 5, 8 p. m., service of prayer and Healing.

Contributions To Wilson Foundation

The following additional contributions are acknowledged for the Woodrow Wilson Foundation by H. R. Burke, chairman of the committee:

Mr. Gardner L. Boothe, $10; Mr. and Mrs. Petitt and son, $5; Mrs. Raymond Hulfish, $5; Miss F. O. Lyons, $2; Mr. and Mrs. D. R. Stansbury, $5; Mr. D. R. Stansbury, Jr., $1; Miss Blanch Stansbury, $1; Miss Alice Stansbury, $1; Mrs. Kenneth Ogden $1; Mr. Kenneth Ogden, $1; Mrs. W. C. Baggett, $1; Miss Ruth Smith, $1; Mr. Frank Daley, $1; Mr. C. W. Howell, $1; Mr Robert Schneider, $5; Mr. P. B. Daley, $1; Miss Fanny S Herbert, $5.

MUSICAL RECITAL

Pupils of Class of Miss Ida Ulman to Give Affair Monday Night in Young People's Building

Miss Ida Ullman and pupils, assisted by Mrs. Lawson, pianist; Mrs. Veits, violinist; Mr. P. Francis Rydzynski, tenor of St. Patrick's; Master J. B. Ullman, baritone, of Washington; Miss Sue Risheill, of Alexandria, Monday, March 27, at 8 p. m., Young People's Building. The program follows:

(a) "Liebestraum No. 3". Franz Liszt
(b) "Scherzo in B Minor" . . . . Chopin
Mrs. Lawson.
(a) "May Song" . . . . . Carl Vogt
(b) "Old English Song" . . . . . M. Greenwold
Clara Goldsworthy.
(a) "The Slumber Boat" . . . . Hauser
(b) "From the Sand of the Sky-Blue Waters" . . . . . Cadman
J. B. Ullman.
(a) "Boat Song" . . . . . Hauser
(b) "Two Old Songs" . . . . . Hauser
George Carroll.
Ukulele and Songs—
Virginia Riley.
(a) Spanish Dance—"Nita" . . . . . Paul Ducelle
(b) "The Robin's Lullaby" . . . . . C. W. Krogmann
Ben La Garde.
Ukulele and Songs—
Mildred Cherot.
(a) "Remembrance" . . . . . Carl Vogt
(b) "Uarda" . . . . . M. Greenwald
Margaret Maubry.
(a) "A Dream" . . . . . Bartlett
(b) "The Rosary" . . . . . Nevin
Sue Risheill.
(a) "Melody in F" . . . . . Reubenstein
(b) "Rosella" . . . . . Ambrosio
Virginia Fairfax
(a) "Cradle Song" . . . . . Hauser
(b) "Serenade d'Amour" . . . . . Dudlo
Frances Milane.
Ukulele and Songs—
Caroline Reece.
(a) "Humoresque" . . . . . Dvorak
Mr. Henry Morarity.
(a) "Cantilena" . . . . . Carl Bohn
(b) "Simple Avieu" . . . . . F. Thome
Louis La Garde.
(a) "Cossack's Revels Dance Grotesque" . . . . . I. Tschakoff
(b) "Valse Bluette, Drigo" . . Auer
Mrs. Lawson, Mrs. Veits, Miss Ullman
(a) "Care Selve" . . . . . Handel
(b) "Because of You" . . . . A. Solman
(c) "Good-Bye" . . . . . P. Tosti
(d) "The Magic of Your Eyes" . . . . . A. A. Penn
Mr. P. Francis Rydzynski.

A silver offering will be taken at the dor.

HUGO HERFURTH, Jr.
General Contractor
Cement Work a Specialty
278-tf.

Christ Church Services

Services in Christ Church during the coming week will be as follows:

Sunday, March 26, 9:30 a. m., Sunday school and Emmanuel Bible class; 11 a. m., morning prayer and sermon by the rector; 8 p. m., evening prayer and sermon by the rector.

Tuesday, March 28, 8 p. m., lecture in the church by Rev. Dr. Wallace E. Rollins, on "The Epistle to the Galatians," the most influential letter that was ever written. It was one of the main causes of the Protestant reformation in the sixteenth century, and it has been an important factor in more than half a dozen other revolutions in church history. Study this letter on Sunday, and come and bring a friend to hear Dr. Rollin's lecture on this revolutionary letter on Tuesday night at 8 o'clock

Tuesday, March 30, 8 p. m., lecture on "Church History" by the rector. The subject for this lecture will be the "Early History of the Church in England."

Friday, March 31, 5 p. m. Litany and address by the rector on the fifth Beatitude. Matt. v, 7—"Blessed are the merciful."

All pews are free in this historic old church, and all comers are welcome.

Governor Signs Bills

Richmond, Va., March 24.—Governor Trinkle late today signed the Hampton Roads port commission bill. The commission, to consist of five members appointed by the governor, is to aid in development of that port.

Th governor also signed the compulsory education bill and the bill providing for reorganization of the State Highway Department. These measures were passed at the recent session of the General Assambly.

WOODS SCOURED BY POSSE IN MAN HUNT

(Continued from Page One.)

expect trouble of this nature. The prisoner will be taken directly to Fairfax Courthouse as soon as he is apprehended."

Searchers yesterday and last night night openly declared their intentions of lynching the man if they found the guilty party. "All we want to know is that we get the right party," one of the men said.

Feeling was high among citizens of Fairfax County yesterday as a result of the brutal assault.

J Albert Hawkins, editor of the Daily Mail, Hagerstown, Md., brother of Miss Hawkins, reached the scene of the assault yesterday He declared he would spend his entire fortune to hunt down the guilty man.

OH! MY BACK!

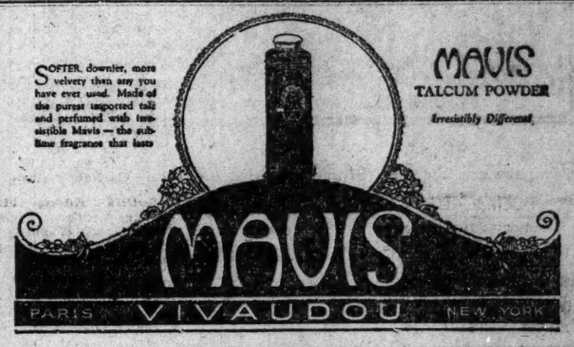
The Expression of Many a Kidney Sufferer In Alexandria.

A stubborn backache is cause to suspect kidney trouble. When the kidneys are inflamed and swollen, stooping brings a sharp twinge in the small of the back, that almost takes the breath away. Doan's Kidney Pills revive sluggish kidneys—relieve aching backs. Here's Alexandria proof:

Mrs. M. E. Williams, 523 Oronoco St., says: "I was so bad off with pains in my back I was about all worn out. I put my hands on my back trying to relieve the pain through my kidneys. When I bent over I could hardly straighten again. This weakened me very much and made me so nervous I could hardly stand the least noise. Dizziness affected me when I bent and everything would turn black. My kidneys didn't act at all right. I tried different things but nothing did me any good until I started using Doan's Kidney Pills. I kept getting better right along and was soon cured."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Williams had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

Chairman Davis, of the House managers in charge of the District of Columbia appropriation bill, has arranged for the first conference with Senate managers on the measure to be held this morning.


SOFTER, downier, more velvety than any you have ever used. Made of the purest imported talc and perfumed with irresistible Mavis—the sublime fragrance that lasts
MAVIS
TALCUM POWDER
Irresistibly Different
MAVIS
PARIS VIVAUDOU NEW YORK

DESCRIPTIVE LECTURE

On The

HOLY LAND

AT TRINITY M. E. CHURCH

Rev. Dr. D. H. Martin, pastor will deliver his descriptive lecture on "The Holy Land" at Trinity M. E. Church, Sunday Night, 7:30 o'clock. He will describe the three great highways and their points of interest that lead into Jerusalem, namely: The road from Joppa to Jerusalem, the road from Egypt over which the children of Israel came into the Promised Land, and the great highway that runs down from the north through the Galilean region to the Holy City. Dr. Martin will describe the land and its people. He will point out the places of interest in and around Jerusalem. He will locate and tell you about the places you have read about from your childhood. At 11 a. m. Dr. Martin will speak on the subject

"The Love That Never Faileth"

The public is cordially invited

PUBLIC MASS MEETING

The citizens of Alexandria are herewith invited to attend a Mass Meeting to be held at

Elks' Hall

MONDAY, MARCH 27th, 8 O'CLOCK, P. M.

Every man and woman voter in the city should make it a point to attend this Mass Meeting, which is called for the sole purpose of considering the best plan to secure the nomination of the best five citizens of Alexandria for the City Council under the new form of our municipal government. The meeting is to be absolutely wide-open, non-partisan and non-political. It is hoped that every citizen who is interested in the welfare of Alexandria will be present and participate.

J. E. W. TIMBERMAN,
Temporary Chairman.
C. A. CALLAHAN,
Temporary Secretary.

Leaders Celebrate Anniversary of Lutheranism

The five deacons of the University Halle, Wittenberg, led in celebrating the 400th anniversary of Lutheranism. The top picture shows a great throng, gathered from many countries, marching through the streets of the town made famous by Martin Luther. The Lutherans insist on maintaining the old standards and banners in black, white and red, with the imperial eagle, as shown in his poctures.

Hoosier Captain to Lead His Men Against Japs

Thirteen members of the University of Indiana baseball team will sail for Japan April 1, to play the Waseda University team. The Hoosier squad will be piloted by Captain Walker, also a pitcher, who is shown here. The team will forego games with American college teams and will remain in the Orient for two months. In previous years Wisconsin and Chicago University teams have gone to Japan fos cuch games.

The Pacific Ocean contains seventeen species of the shark, some of which attain the length of twenty-five feet.

It requires from 35 to 60 days to hatch a trout egg.

Spurns Big Interests for Teacher's Job

Just to gratify a "boyhood ambition," Roswell P. Miller, who married Margaret Carnegie, daughter of Andrew Carnegie, has spurned an offer to join the Bethlehem Steel Company and the banking house of J. P. Morgan, and will become an instructor in engineering at New York University. His salary will be slightly more than $2,000 per year Miller resides in a mansion valued at $250,000 He served as an ensign in the navy during the war.

DIRECTORY CHANGES

The following are State Federation presidents installed since the last publication of the directory:

Illinois, Mrs. E. S. Bailey, 426 E. 44th street, Chicago.

Louisiana, Mrs. A. G. Reed, Baton Rouge.

Maine, Mrs. J. H. Huddilston, Orono.

Minnesota, Mrs. J. E. Rounds, 1531 W. Minnehaha street, St. Paul.

Missouri, Mrs. W. W. Martin, Fayette instead of Cape Girardeau.

Nebraska, Mrs. Edgar B. Penney, Fullerton.

Nevada, Mrs. Wm. Dent Mason, Elko.

New Mexico, Mrs. Frank W. Parker, Santa Fe.

Ohio, Mrs. Cornelius S. Selover, 1358 E. 71st street, Cleveland.

Oklahoma, Mrs. J. R. Frazier, Wilburton.

Texas, Mrs. Lee Joseph, 102 E. Mistletoe avenue, San Antonio.

Utah, Mrs. W. F. Adams, 239 E. South Temple, Salt Lake City.

West Virginia, Mrs. J. B. Garden, 441 Main street, Wheeling.

Indiana, Mrs. W. J. Torrance, 1306 Walnut street Evansville.

Jumpers made of woven wool and laced up the front were worn by women many ceturies ago.

NOTICE

I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by anyone other than myself. M. N. PEARSON.
72-1p

COAL COAL COAL
For The Balance of This Season
We urge our customers not to delay storing enough coal to carry them through the balance of this season.
W. A. SMOOT & CO., Inc.

Mennonites in Religious Migration

One of the greatest religious migrations since the days of Moses now in progress. From Canada to their new homes in Mexico 20,000 members of the Mennonite faith are traveling. Members of the sect were ordered by their bishops to sell their Canadian holdings, after the Mnnonite leaders and the Government had come to legal blows. This photo shows a group of the tribe and typifies the majority.

Claims Romance With Wealthy Maidens

Adjudged by one examining official to be a paranoias, August Probst, former Swiss butler at Pittsburgh's exclusive Rolling Rock Club, in fighting deportation from Ellis Island, revealed alleged romances with daughters of two Pittsburgh millionairs. Miss Virginia McKay, daughter of a socially prominent Pittsburgh family, has emphatically denied that either she or her chum, Miss Sarah Mellon, niece to Secretary of the Treasury Mellon, wrote notes to Probst while he was employed at the club of which they are members. Neither she nor Miss Mellon received notes

MRS. LULA VANN FULTON, ARK.

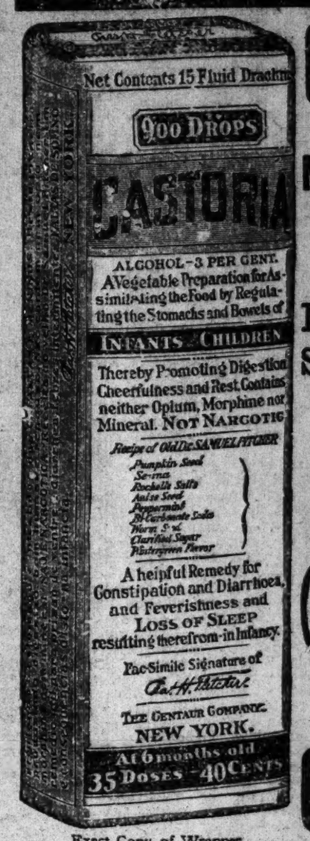
Suggests to Suffering Women the Road to Health

Fulton, Arkansas.—"I used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for a soreness in my side. I would suffer so badly every month from my waist down that I could not be on my feet half the time. I was not able to do my work without help. I saw your Vegetable Compound advertised in a newspaper and gave it a fair trial. Now I am able to do my work and don't even have a backache every month. I cannot praise your Vegetable Compound enough and highly recommend it to those who have troubles like mine. I am willing for these facts to be used as a testimonial to lead all who suffer with female troubles, as I did, to the right road to health."—Mrs. LULA VANN, Box 43, Fulton, Arkansas.

Its this sort of praise of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, given by word of mouth and by letter, one woman to another, that should cause you to consider taking this well-known medicine, if you are troubled with such symptoms as painful periods, weak, nervous feelings, miserable pains in your back, and cannot work at certain times.

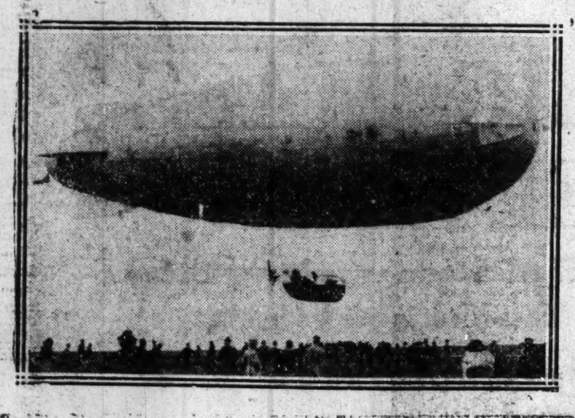
Here is a woman who is so grateful and glad to be relieved from a painful and nerve racking physical condition that she wishes to tell all sick women.

Dr. R. F. CLARK
Osteopathic Physician
Apt 1, 'The Henly' Hrs. 6 to 9 p. m.
by Appointment
719 King Street Phone 27
14-26p.


Net Contents 15 Fluid Drachms
900 DROPS
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL-3 PER CENT.
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food by Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Thereby Promoting Digestion Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC
Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER
A helpful Remedy for Constipation and Diarrhoea, and Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP resulting therefrom in Infancy.
Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher
THE CENTAUR COMPANY.
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES - 40 CENTS
Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria
Always Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Smallest Dirigible is Perfected by Italian Army Air Service



Experts of the Italian Army Air Service have perfected the smallest lighter-than-air dirigible in the world. The new craft is only 117 feet long and 25 feet wide. It travels at the rate of forty-five miles an hour. The new craft, equipped with two 40-horsepower engines, was constructed by the same men who built the giant Roma, purchased by this country from Italy, which fell at Hampton Roads, killing thirty-four men.

AUTO SHOW
OPENS TONIGHT
CONVENTION HALL
Both Floors
5th and L Streets, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

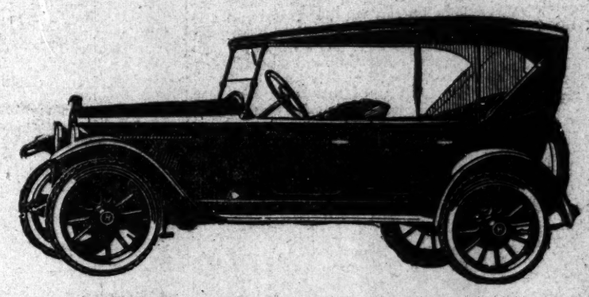
DO YOU KNOW TONALL CONTAINS MORE ROOTS, HERBS AND BARKS THAN ANY OTHER PROPRIETARY MEDICINE ON THE MARKET

Gentian, Chamamile, Senna, Uva, Uisi, Virginia Snake Root, Juniper Berries, Elecampane, Wild Cherry, Dandelion Root. Licorice Root, Sarsaparilla and Nux Vomica. Each and every herb root and bark contained in Tonall is a tonic and tissue builder and is blended to act upon the vital organs of the human system and to assist nature to restore your lost vitality and health by strengthening your nerves and enriching your blood supply. As you are aware, most of the maladies from which human nature suffers arise from a disordered stomach. You have headache, foul breath, nervousness, unpleasant feeling after eating, loss of memory, constipation, sluggish liver, pain in the back and your general system is run down; you are subject to Rheumatism and Neuralgia pains at every change of the weather; your catarrhal condition is thriving, due to the improverished condition of your blood, the circulation of which is irregular and your whole system is becoming poisoned because your kidneys and liver are not acting as nature intended. The food which you eat does not create any strength and you are losing your vitality Your memory is fast returning to things which happened years ago and is not attentive. You do not enjoy company, but prefer to be alone. You are losing weight and it is harder every day for you to do your work for life is becoming a burden to you.

These are facts and well you know it, so you should prepare yourself to meet the conditions of life as nature intended. Do not allow yourself to become a medicine fiend by taking into your system medicine which contains an excessive amount of alcohol, and which just stimulates you and deadens your nervous system; nor medicine which contains acids and minerals to eradicate diseases and leave your stomach in a most deplorable conditions. Known what you are taking into your system, just the same as you would the food you eat.

Tonall contains the elements necessary to restore your health, and is purely vegetable, as analysis proves. What other proprietary medicines on the market ever published the ingredients used in the formula and backed it up with the analysis by one of the leading chemist of Pennsylvania, as Tonall has done?

Tonall is sold at Edgar Warfield's Jr., Drug Store, corner King and Pitt streets, Alexandria, Va.



Hupmobile Owners are Loyal

The conspicuous absence of the Hupmobile from the used-car advertising columns simply means that when the Hupmobile owner has occasion to re-purchase, he usually buys another Hupmobile.

Hupmobile owners give sound and ample reason for this pronounced loyalty.

They will tell you the Hupmobile's depreciation is slower and smaller; that its price as a used car is proportionately higher.

The qualities which win their highest regard, however, are the everlasting regularity of performance and service, the consistent economy and efficiency, which have always stamped the Hupmobile an extraordinary motor car value.

Touring Car, $1250; Roadster, $1250; Roadster-Coupe, $1495; Coupe, $1835; Sedan, $1935;—Cord Tires on all models—Prices F. O. B. Detroit. Revenue Tax Extra.

BELLEHAVEN GARAGE
Phone 1022 Prince and Fairfax Sts.
Hupmobile

NEWS IN THE GAZETTE 108 Years Ago

ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE

Commercial and Political

FRIDAY, MARCH 25, 1814.

Extract of an act of the Corporation of Alexandria, for the extinguishment of fire.

Sec. 7.—If any person who shall be present at any fire, shall neglect or refuse to obey the order or direction of any officer who shall be appointed by any Fire Company now established, or which may be hereafter established knowing him to be an officer, such person shall forfeit and pay the sum of five dollars:—Provided the name of such officer shall have been first published in one of the public papers.

At an annual meeting of the Alexandria Hose and Engine Company, held at the courthouse on Thursday evening the 10th inst. the following members were duly elected officers for the ensuing year, viz.:

Noblet Herbert, president.
Wm. F. Thorton, vice pres.
Thos. F. Herbert, treasurer.
Philips H. Minor, Secretary.
Commander's
Evan P. Taylor,
William Ramsay
Regulators
John Suter, John Boyer, Ephraim Gilman, Jacob Douglas.
Teste—J. Douglas, Clerk.

Austrian Imperial Children Now in Throes of Poverty

With their father's bank account depleted, these Austrian imperial children, in exile at Maderia with their parents, are in the throes of poverty. The former Emperor of Austria believes that the nation he once ruled should supply him with funds. Political leaders in that country are discussing the probability of making him an allowance. In this group at the rear you see Archduke Felix, Crown Prince Otto and Archduke Ebert. In front are Archduke Rudolph, Archduchess Adelaide, holding the baby Archduchess Charlotte and at the right Archduke Charles Louis. The children are soon to be augmented by a new arrival, their mother being in a delicate condition.

FISH TALES

Scientific observation has revealed that fish have a keen sense of smell.

Streams the temperature of which rises above 65 degrees in summer are not suitable for brook trout.

Crabs measuring two feet in length have been found in India.

Crawfish, because of their burrowing habits, often injure the levees of rivers.

The waters of the gulf stream contain about 60 and the other 120 times a minute.

The largest, best known and most valuable salmon is the Chinook, found from Ventura Bay, California, to Morton Sound, Alaska, and on the Asiatic coast from Northern China to the Arctic.

DIED

WRIGHT—On March 22, 1922, at 12:25 p. m., at his residence, 1217 Queen street, WILLIAM WRIGHT, beloved husband of Fannie Wright Funeral at 12 m. (noon) Sunday from Mt. Jezerel Baptist Church, North Payne street. Relatives and friends invited to attend. 72-1p.

BY VIRTUE of a deed of trust executed by Adolph F. Koch and wife, to the undersigned Trustee, recorded in Deed Book 72, page 462, of the land records of the City of Alexandria, Virginia, default having been made in the payment of certain installments of a note thereby secured, the undersigned trustee will, at the request of the holder of said note, offer for sale at public auction, before the Royal Street entrance to he Market Building, in the City of Alexandria, Virginia, on Tuesday, the 4th day of April, 1922, at twelve o'clock noon, the property, with the buildings and improvements thereon, mentioned and described in said deed of trust, as follows, to wit:

ALL THAT LOT OF GROUND with the buildings and improvments thereon, in the City of Alexandria, Virginia, known and designated as all of Lot numbered Twelve (12), in Section numbered Five (5), of the Subdivision of Rosemont, as the same is shown on a plat thereof, duly recorded in Deed Book 68, page 509, together with the right of way over the alley ten feet wide, on the rear portion of Lots numbered Eight (8) to Twelve (12) inclusive, running north to the Street north of said premises, in common with others entitled to the use thereof.

THIS SALE will be subject to the lien of a deed of trust of $5000.00, recorded in Deed Book 70, page 33. Terms of sale CASH, conveyancing and revenue stamps at the cost of purchaser.

72-8c Howard W. Smith, Trustee.

Bell May Get Crow's Seat In Senate

Reports, persistent in Pittsburgh, declare that Senator Crow, of Pennsylvania, soon will retire and that John A. Bell, sixty-seven-year-old multi-millionaire, will succeed him. Reports that Bell's possible succession to the Senate involved payment by him of $650,000 have been emphatically denied by both Bell and Governor Sproul.

GUM FINES BUY HOLLY

Sick and disabled World War veterans scattered through the regular hospitals of Boston found sprigs of bright holly decorating the gift stockings given them on Christmas because pupils at the Prince School, in the Back Bay section of Boston, chewed gum when gum shouldn't be chewed.

The pupils of the Prince School are loyal members of the Junior Red Cross of the Boston Metropolitan Chapter. There is a school rule that gum shall not be chewed during school hours, and the pupils decided voluntarily that each one who broke the gum-chewing rule should be fined 10 cents for each offense. By the end of a month a number of dollars in gum fines had accumulated. The money was used to buy holly

Out in the Minot, North Dakota, a youngster sneaked tardily into school. It was during the pre-holiday period when the Junior Christmas boxes were being filled for the far-away children in Eastern and Central Europe.

"Why Jimmie! Your tardiness has spoiled the whole room's record. What made you so late?" questioned the teacher.

"Well, you see, teacher, I wanted to have something to put in the Christmas boxes—and I didn't have nothin' 'cept my handkerchief, so I washed it, but it didn't have 'nothin' 'cept my handkerchief, so I washed it but it hat it didn't get quite dry."

And he held out the limp but clean handkerchief as his offering to the children halfway across the world.

Seasoning doubles the strength of green wood.

A cord of heavy wood, such as oak, beech, birch, hard maple, ash, elm, locust and some varieties of cherry, is equal in heating value to a ton of coal.

Trees which grow on the northern side of a hill make more dnrable timber than those which grow on the southern side.

Society for over 75 years has relied upon Gouraud's Oriental Cream to keep the skin and complexion in perfect condition through the stress of the season's activities. Send 15 c. for Trial Size
FERD. T. HOPKINS & SON New York City
Gouraud's Oriental Cream

LUNCHEON FOR CHILDREN'S PARTY

Creamed Oysters in Toast Boxes
Mounds of Carrot -and-Potato Balls, With Parsley.
Roast Squab
Wild Grape Jelly Sauce
Candies Sweet Potatoes Spinach
Apple Porcupine Come Agains
Ice Cream in Fancy Shapes
Salted Almonds and Pecans
Aerated Milk Julep

Simple Luncheons for Guests

UNDER ONE-MAID OR SERVANTLESS CONDITIONS

I

Cocktail of Orange Sections and Seeded Malaga Grapes
Breaded Fish Chops, Baked
Duchess Potatoes Peas
Finger Rolls
Cress-and-Lettuce Salad
French Dressing
Saltines
Strawberry Gelatine Jelly, Riced, With Whipped Cream Macaroons
Coffee

II

Chicken Soup in Glass Cups
Pulled Bread
Larded Fricandeau of Veal
Mushroom Sauce
Rice Croquettes Pea Timbales
Apple-and-Nut Salad,
Cream Dressing
Cheese Crackers
Pineapple Sherbert, Fancy Cakes
Coffee

Famous Recipes From the American Cookery Magazine.

SWEET PEPPER SOUFFLES

Cut out the seeds and membranes from three or four sweet peppers, and parboil. Put through the food chopper, mix with two tablespoonfuls of hard, sharp cheese, grated, two tablespoonfuls of flour, blended smooth with an equal quantity of cream and stirred into the slight-beaten yolks of two eggs. Season with one-half a teaspoonful of salt, a little pepper, and a few drops of poultry seasoning. Blend the whole well together—the mixture should be a sthick as a rather stiff batter—and then beat in the stiff-beaten whites of the two eggs. Place at once in greased individual moulds, or paper souffle cases, filling them not more than two-thirds full, and bake in a hot oven until well puffed up. The quantities given should make eight individual souffles.

SAVORY SMOKED FISH

Cut into strips one pound of smoked fish of any kind; put over fire in cold water, let come slowly to a boil, and boil for ten minutes. In another saucepan heat one cup of stock with one-fourth a cup, each, of tomato sauce and vinegar, a tablespoonful of made mustard, and a few grains of Cayenne. Drain the fish, saute on hot pan in one-fourth a cup of butter fat, the nadd to the hot stock; thicken the butter in the pan with two tablespoonfuls of flour; stir thi sinto the saucepan containing the fish and seasoned tsock, cover, and simmer for five minutes. Serve on a hot platter, surrounded wit hBoston crackers, split an dteasted. Finnan haddie is very good prepared in this way.

MOLDED JELLY CHICKEN

Chop fine some old chicken until there are about two cups. Season delicately with a little salt, a very little white pepper, and one teaspoonful of celery seed. Hydrate one-fourth a box of gelatine; dissolve over hot water, and add to one cup of thin cream with which the beaten yolks of two eggs, or one whole beaten egg, has been mixed. Gradually mix this with a little of the chopped chicken in the bottom of a mould, adding further layers as the first becomes hard enough to hold the chicken meat without rising to the top. Let stand in the refrigerator until firm, and when ready to use turn out on a pretty dish and garnish with chopped cucumbers mixed with chopped parsley.

CHILDREN'S CAKE

Melt one-third of a cup of butter; add two-thirds of a cup of molasses, three-fourths cup of milk, and two eggs, well beaten. Sift together two cups and one-half of entire wheat flour, three-fourths teaspoonful of soda, and one teaspoonful of salt. Combine mixtures; add one cup of seedless raisins, and turn into a buttered melon mould. Cover and let steam three hours. The next day make a thick icing of 3 tabelspoonsfuls of boiling water, mixed with confectioner's sugar, flavored and tinted with coffee extract. Have prepared pieces of bread, cut to represent the head and tail of a turtle, and place these in position at the ends of the cake. Melt one square of chocolate; add one teaspoonful of butter an denough boiling water to make a thin mixture. Frost the cake smooth. With a camel's hair brush, dipped frequently in the chocolate mixture, draw parallel lines one inch apart and one-fourth an inch wide across the cake. Working quickly, cut through these lines, following the depressions made in the cake by the melon mould, with the back of a silver knife blade, first in one direction and then in another. Paint chocolate mouth and eyes.

HOT CHICKEN SALAD

Mix one pint of cooked chicken (in cubes), one cup of cooked peas, one-half teaspoonful of salt, one-fourth teaspoonful of black pepper, one teaspoonful of onion juice, one pimiento (cut in small squares), and one teaspoonful of lemon juice, and set aside in a cool place for at least one hour. Make a sauce of one-fourth cup of butter, one-fourth cup of flour, half a teaspoonful of salt, a cup of cream and a cup of chicken broth. Add the seasoned ingredients and let stand over hot water to become very hot. This is good served from a chafing-dish.

BAKED OYSTER PLANT

Select several large roots, scrape and wash as usual, dropping into cold water with a little vinegar to preserve the color. Drain, wipe dry, brush over with olive oil or butter, place on the grate of the oven and bake until done, turning occasionally. Put into a hot dish, and have ready to pour over them a pint of white stock, thickened like a white sauce, with two tablespoonfuls of flour rubbed into two tablespoonfuls of softened butter. Plain, white sauce, made with rich milk or cream, may be substituted for the stock. Cover with fine buttered crumbs, mixed with grated hard cheese, and replace in oven until brown on top.

Lillian Russell Will Confer With Harding

Lillian Russell, famous former actress, now the wife of Alexander P. Moore, Pittsburgh publisher, will confer with President Harding regarding immigration. At the behest of the Chief Executive, she made a trip to Europe to study immigration problems. Mrs. Moore believes, she has declared, that all immigration should be entirely stopped for a period of five years. She will submit her recommendations to the President.

The hat worn by women in 4,000 B. C. is stated to be very similar to modles worn today.

"ECONOMY"
(Copyright)

Idle Hour
Today
James Oliver Curwood's
Latest
The Flower of the North
International News
Bud and Ham Comedy

The Best Watch and Jewelry Repair Service at reasonable cost, is what you want and what you get at
ACTON & SONS
606 King Street

THE GEORGE WASHINGTON RESTAURANT
726 King Street
Alexandria's Leading Restaurant
Good Service Reasonable Prices
Club Sandwiches a Specialty
Everything Neat and Clean

THEATRICAL ATTRACTIONS
MARCH 26 TO APRIL 1

11 A.M. 11 P.M. RIALTO MOORE'S 9th At G
D. W. GRIFFITH'S Empire of New Emotions
"ORPHANS OF THE STORM"
All Seats Reserved
Special Orchestra Numbers

CRANDALL'S METROPOLITAN 10th & F Sts. N. W.
ANITA STEWART in "Her Mad Bargain"
and
LARRY SEMON in "THE SHOW"

B. F. KEITH'S 15th & G—Main 4485 Order Seats Early
Beginning Mon. Mat., March 27
A BILL OF FUN BARGAINS
Tiny—DAPHNE POLLARD—Droll. The Idol of London's Music Halls. BOG BAKER & CO. in "FLASHES." A Review of Fun, Song and Dance. VAUGHN COMFORT, The Great American Tenor. Ella Ryan & Co. Hedegus Sisters. The Runaway Four. Rimaon & Edwards. The Clown Seal. Other Hits. Buy early for early in the week. Ph. M. 4485

CRANDALL'S Ninth & E Streets
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SUBMIT REPORT ON DIVORCE TO BAR ASSO.

(Continued from Page One.)

power to compel.

Other Matters

The hearings embraced matters beyond the scope of the resolution which limited this committee to divorce matters., Amongst others, politics. The Judge admitted considerable political activity for a candidate approved by a committee of his friends in the last election, and solicited votes.

The committee does not question the He stated that this was his right. abstract right. As the matter was brought out, however, it wishes to state that, in its opinion, the further a Judge keeps from politics the better. His office will be more respected and his decisions more favorably accepted.

Recommendation

Your committee recommend that judge Moncure request the Governor to designate some Judge to hold a Grand Jury term to make a full investigation of the divorce question.

Such request will be no reflection on the Judge, or the present Grand Jury, on the contrary, will be to his credit, thus throwing the matter into outside hands, whom no one can accuse of prejudice or partialty.

This is the only action we can now suggest which will relieve the court and the Bar from embarrassment and criticism.

So far as divorce matters are con-

The Future

cerned, as believe that, with the adoption of the rules recommended by the lawyers and adopted by the court, that the divorce evil in the city of Alexandria is a thing of the past, and will not appear again, as about a month's experience above only two new cases filed.

It is understood that any member of the committee may file a supplemental report.

Respectfully submitted,
Alexandria, Va., March 25, 1922.

C. E. NICOL
J. K. M. NORTON
LOUIS C. BARLEY.
GARDNER L. BOOTHE,
J. RANDALL CATON, Jr.
HOWARD W. SMITH
C. KEITH CARLIN.

Supplemental Report of Certain Members of The Alexandria Bar Association.

Committee

Committee's Authority

The undersigned members of the committee of seven elected at a meeting of the Alexandria Bar Association held in the Corporation Court Room on January 23, 1922, herewith submit their report as supplementary to the unanimous report of the Committee. The following resolutions were adopted by the Bar Association:

Carlin Resolution as Amended

1—Be it Resolved—That a committee of seven be appointed to investigate the conditions alleged with respect to divorce in the article published in the Washington Times under date of January, 15, 1922

2—That Frank Stuart be invited to appear forthwith before said committee and present such proof as he may have to substantiate any charges that he has made, or may desire to make concerning divorce conditions in this jurisdiction.

Caton Resolution

Resolved—That the committee appointed to investigate the divorce evil in the City of Alexandria, in all its phases, whether it pertains to the court, lawyers practicing at the bar in the City of Alexandria, and lawyers from outside who practice at the bar in the City of Alexandria, and all persons in any way connected with the divorce evil.

The Investigation

The first stage of the committee's work consisted of an exhaustive investigation of the court records by a sub-committee of three, composed of Messrs. Caton, Smith and Carlin, and the drafting of a bill by another subcommittee, composed of Messrs. Norton, Nicol, and Barley, which was introduced in the Legislature with a view to making more stringent the divorce laws of the State.

The report of the first named subcommittee was unanimously adopted by the committee's report, and made a part of this report. The report of the last named sub-committee was likewise unanimously adopted by the committee, and the bill drafted is also appended hereto, marked "Exhibit A" and made a part of this report. Judge Norton was sent to Richmond by the committee to urge the passage of this bill at a hearing held February 23, 1922, before the committee on Courts of Justice of the House of Delegates, and Judge Moncure was requested to put the same into effect as a rule of court in so far as he legally could do so. A copy of the Judge's rule, issued in pursuance with this request, is hereto appended, marked "Exhibit B." and made a part of this report. The bill failed of passage upon the adjournment of the Legislature on March 11, 1922.

The last stage of the Committee's work consisted of the hearing of testimony. All persons interested in the local divorce situation who desired to be heard were publicly invited to appear before the committee. The committee was handicapped by its lack of authority to summon witnesses and to put them on oath. Persons thought to have particular information on the subject were requested in person or by letter to appear. Several declined to appear who possibly could have given information on existing conditions, notably Harvey L. Cobb, J. Cloyd Gill, Mary L. Baggett, Stella Bensel, and Robert Luckett. The first two named, residents of the District of Columbia, have stated to the committee that they will appear before a grand jury, and the last three named, being residents of Alexandria, are available for a grand jury investigation.

At a meeting of the bar association held on January 23, 1922, a resolution offered by Judge Norton, which had for its object a full investigation of Judge Moncure's conduct in office, as well as the divorce situation, including all of the charges made by Mr. Stuart against Judge Moncure, and any other matters that might be brought before the Committee, was defeated by a vote of thirteen to eight, and the committee was thereby specifically and strictly limited in its authority to investigate only the alleged divorce evil.

Although not authorized to investigate Judge Moncure's conduct, except as it related to the divorce situation, but being inhibited by the defeat of the Norton resolution, the committee did permit Mr. Stuart to offer all the evidence that he had to substantiate his other charges, to-wit:

1—Political activities and machinations.

2—Lack of qualification, legal and otherwise.

3—Failure to sustain the dignity of the high office he held, and failure to exact the respect due to that office.

The reason for permitting Mr. Stuart to transcend the authority conferred upon the committee by the bar association was to make public all the evidence upon which these charges rested. Mr. Stuart frankly stated that he had no interest in an investigation of divorce conditions but was solely interested in an investigation of Judge Moncure with a view to getting him off the bench. In the hearing of testimony not relating to the divorce situation, it soon became apparent that a private quarrel existing between Mr. Stuart and Judge Moncure actuated the former in making his charges against the latter. In view of the strictly limited authority with which the committee was purposely vested by the Bar Association, we can make no finding or recommendation on any of the three charges mentioned above.

Divorce Conditions.

From May22, 1920, the date of Judge Moncure's elevation to the bench, to February 18, 1922, the date of the report of the sub-committee composed of Messrs. Caton, Smith and Carlin, it appears that a totoal of 1043 divorce suits were filed or disposed of. Of this number, decrees granting either an absolute or a limited divorce were entered in 755, about 200 were pending and the remainder dismissed. In more than seven-eighths of these cases the ground alleged was desertion. About one-third of the defendants received no notice of the suit, the notice of publication having been returned, The records discloses that several persons testified as to the domicile and residence of the complain ant in an extra-ordinarily large number of cases, Mrs. Mary L. Baggett appeared as a resident witness in 152 cases in the Corporation Court; Mrs, Stella Bensel testified in 27 cases; Robert Luckett in 21 cases; Mollie Sue Lowe in 11 cases, and Frances Ballenger in 9 cases. According to the testimony of these witnesses, who have appeared so often in divorce suits as to earn for themselves the designation of "professional witnesses," a tabulation of dates discloses the fact that 124 persons, male and female, resided, or were domiciled at the home of Mrs. Baggett during the month of August, 1920; 21 at the house of Mrs. Bensel; 21 with Robert Luckett, 10 with Molly Sue Lowe, and 9 with Frances Ballenger. An even dozen other witnesses testified from five to seven times and thirty-three other persons appeared from two to five times.

In many cases the evidence appeared to the committee to be weak as to desertion as well as to domicile and residence, whilst in many others various sorts of irregularities were apparent on the face of the record which we cannot too strongly condemn as loose and careless practice. For example, the use of so-called narrative form depositions,—in substance merely affidavits, — instead of the usual form of questions and answers by certain attorneys, as well as their practice of certifying as a notary public in the jurat to a bill signed by the complainant by counsel that the complainant personally appeared, we believe to be proper subjects for ctiticism. Erasures and interlineations appear frequently in sworn documents, and papers are missing in some cases. In a few cases irregularities of a more serious nature seem to have been practiced. It is such things as these—methods employed, presumably, for the sake of convenience—that have facilitated the quick and easy procurement of divorces and contributed to a deplorable situation.

During the period covered by the committee's investigation, Alexandria has been more or less congested by a transient population of men and women engaged in newly established industrial and governmental enterprises relating to the war. Washington (where the equity docket discloses the fact that over 70 per cent of the cases are for divorce), which normally contributes a large quota of divorce seekers on account of the strict law governing divorce in the District of Columbia, has suffered from a similar situation to an even greater extent than Alexandria, and the quota contributed by Washington during this period has been correspondingly increased. A large number of soldier marriages due to the proximity of Camp Humphreys, has undoubtedly resulted in the increasing of the number of divorce suits brought in Alexandria. It is an historical fact that divorces increase following war —the accepted theory being that the standard of morals is temporarily lowered due to the reaction in peace from the high pitch of excitement to which a nation is keyed up in war time.

Virginia's divorce law is of such flexibility as to permit of varying interpretations and rigid or lax administration, according to whether its spirit or letter is sought in a particular case. The views of Judge Moncure on divorces were well known to the members of the Alexandria Bar long prior to his elevation to the Bench. He has repeatedly stated, both before and since he has been judge, that he believes that the law should put no obstacle in the way of a man and woman who find that they can not live happily together, but should, on the contrary, legalize the separation that would occur under such circumstances. Such being his convictions, and the law being susceptible of liberal applications, he has administered the divorce statutes as he has found and seen them. Some attorneys, on account of the judge's views, have undoubtedly taken advantage of him, as well as the spirit of the law, in the preparation and presentation of their cases, taking care only to see that technical requirements were complied with and a paper case presented. The latitude given by our Supreme Court of Appeals in its decisions on domicile and residence has made it easier to stretch the letter of the law far beyond its spirit. Thus, it is legally possible for a year's domicile to be acquired in Virginia without spending a whole day in the State, and for a residence in Alexandria to be acquired only on the day suit is filed.

Contributing Causes.

In ensequence of th above state of facts, believing the conditions to have been as described, we find that a divorce evil has existed in this community, and slowly grown until the public conscience was awakened. The causes were:

1. The flexibility of the law as construed by the courts, with respect to domicile and residence.

2. The proximity of Alexandria to the District of Columbia, where adultery alone is a ground for absolute divorce.

3. The loose, careless and, at times, irregular practices of certain attorneys.

4. The broad viewpoint of Judge Moncure on divorce and his consequent liberal application of the law.

5. The lowering o fthe standard of morals a sa result of war.

6. The development of certain boarding house keepers into professional witneses on residence and domicile.

7. The abnormal situation existing in the country on account of the war, and especially Alexandria and Washington, with respect to workers engaged in newly established industrial and governmental plants and departments ,and soldier marirages.

Remedial Measures

From the nature of things, Causes 2, 5, and 7 cannot bo remedied. Causes 1 and 6 have been effectually remedied by the Committee, with the cooperation of the Judge, by the putting into effect of the rule of court above referred to, and by requiring the Clerk of the Court to keep a list of persons testifying as to domicile and residence. These steps adone have been sufficient, not only to check the growth of the evil, but practially to eradicate it, as will appear from the fact that since February 14th, the date of the rule, to date, only two divorce suits have been filed.

Just how much blame for the condition that existed is attributable to Judge Moncure's viewpoint on the subject of divorce and his flexible interpretation and liberal application of the law, and how much is attributable to the lawyers guilty of loose, careless and irregular practices, it is difficult to determine, We are ofeht f omd om do modr morf are of the opinion that the investigation and expose has had a chastening effect upon both.

We believe that the number of divorces sought and granted would have been considerably lessened had Judge Moncure exercised a more restraining policy instead of accepting at face value the pleadings and proof tendered him in many cases bv attorneys guilty of loose practices and careless methods.

The investigation disclosed that Judge Moncure in private practice used Mrs. Baggett as a wtness in 36 cases in both courts during the two years immediately preceding his elevation to the bench, and that, according to his depositions, a maximum of 24 persons lived at her house during one month; that Judge Moncure's attention was called to the questionable domicile and residence of persons at her house; and that he thereafter enter decrees in approximately 75 suits in which she appeared as a witness to domicile or residence. Notwithstanding Judge Moncure's statement before the Committee that he, if asked, would have guessed that not more than 30 or 40 persons wer domiciled or resided at Mrs. Baggett's, we cannot excape the conclusion, in the light of the foregoing facts, that he ought to have known the exact situation, and could have remedied it. We believe that he was negligent in accepting her testimony without question after notice.

In justice to Judge Moncure, however, we will say that notwithstanding a vigorous prosecution inspired by personal venom and a thorough investigation, no evidence has been adduced or disclosed which impugns his integrity or reflects upon his sincerity of purpose in his administraton of law and justice during his tenure of office.

As herein before pointed out, the Committee has been ahndicapped in its investigation by lack of authority to compel the presence or testimony of witnesses. Therefore, while we do not find as a fact that the criminal law has been violated in any specific case in obtaining a divorce, we do find evidence that warrants us in the belief that such may be the case, and, we, therefore, recomend that a Grand Jury investigation be had, and that the report and records of this Committee be turned over to the Commonwealth's Attorney for use in this connection.

Grand Jury Investigation

A Grand Jury composed of nine of our most prominent and representative citizens, whose honesty of purpose and standing in the community place them beyond suspicion of successful criticism, has been summoned and charged to investigate the divorce evil and this Grand Jury is now in session. Because the Judge himself is partially to blame for the growth of the evil to be investigated we do not believe that he should preside over the deliberations of this grand jury while investigating this matter and we, there fore, recommend that he be requested to ask the Governor to designate a non resident judge to preside in his stead. Any Judge so designated should be left free to call another grand jury, if, in his opinion, the ends of justice require it.

A stenographic transcript of the proceedings of the Committee is returned with its report and asked to be made a part of this report.

Respectfully submitted this 25th day of March, 1922.

Louis C. Barley,
C. Keith Carlin.

Report of Mr. Caton

To the Members of the Alexandria Bar:

I thoroughly subscribe to the conclusions of your committees herewith transmitted to you. However I desire to make additional recommendations and observations in the, nature of a supplemental report, and therefore respectfully submit my report in full, so that these recommendations and observations may be set out in detail with my reasons therefor.

This Committee was delegated by the members of the Alexandria Bar to investigate the divorce situation in the city of Alexandria. During the progress of our hearing, this committee broadened the scope of its inquiry, and permitted evidence to be introduced in regard to matters not necessarily pertinent to the primary purposes of our investigation. However, as the others are of importance to the integrity of the Court and Bar, I shall express my conclusions in all matters heard before us.

First, with reference to the divorce situation. Evidence was presented to the committee through two sources, One from oral testimony, and two, from the court records. As to the newspaper articles, it was determined by this committee not to consider them as evidence in the absence of proof sustaining their charges.

One: The oral testimony threw practically no light upon the divorce situation, and for the most part consisted of matters absolutely irrelevant thereto A few witnesses related their experiences with the court, but I do not consider their evidence in anyway bears upon the real situation under investigation. Certainly their testimony alone does not convince me that they have been in anyway aggrieved by the action of the court or that the court abused its prerogative of office or went beyond what was the court's conception of the fair and right thing under the circumstances. There was only one ase in which there was positive testimony by a witness tending to show fraud. This was the Wright case, but the value of this witnesses's testimony to my mind, was entirely discounted by the unquestionable perjury of the witness himself.

Two We come now to the court records, which were tabulated by a subcommittee of three, and which report in its final form is before this committee, and has been published in the public press. This report shows that there have been 807 divorce suits finally disposed of in the period between May 22nd, 1920, and February 1st, 1922, and that at the time of filing the said report there were pending 193 cases. The conclusion is inevitable from these recrods that there is a divorce evil in the city of Alexandria. An examination of the records makes it plain that only about ten per cent of these cases are actual Virginians and legitimately entitled to the relief asked for and granted. It is unmitakably clear that the other cases consit of non residents who came to Alexandria for the purpose of obtanining a divorce, and not with the bona fide intention of making Virginia their permanent domicile. How many of these latter cases even technically complied with the Virgna law by domicile of one year prior to institution of the suit, and how many were instituted with utter disregard of this requirement of law I am unable to say. But the records force upon me the conviction that many suits have been instituted with out any regard to the requirements of domicile and residence, and that decrees have been granted in cases where the law has not been complied with. Our report shows that certain witnesses have testified to the residence of the complainants in divorce suits far beyond the realm of belief. Because of the great number of times that they have testified, their statements cannot la accepted as true, and in a great number of cases must be considered as absolutely false. The record is filled with the depositions of professional residence witnesses, people who have testified in ten or more cases covered by the period of our report, thus evidencing to my mind that a divorce colony became centered in those places where there was the apparent willingness to make an agreeable deposition concerning domicile and residence.

Where the record shows according to the testimony of one witness that an average of 120 people would be living or residing at a certain house for a period of six months, and that house is one with about ten rooms, the conclusion necessarily follows that such a situation is physically impossible I further believe that the same conclusion is inevitable even in those cases where our tabulation shows that an average of twenty or more persons resided in one place for any certain period. Being physically impossible, the conclusion is that it is untrue; and if untrue it necessarily follows that the persons making such affidavits must have known it was untrue. I further believe that those attorneys who have used these residence witnesses in twenty or more instances, must have known it was untrue or certainly, by the exercise of reasonable diligence, should have known it was untrue.

In other words, I believe that fraud has unmistakably been perpetrated. Because of our inability to summon witnesses, it is difficult to say who have perpetrated or participated in this fraud, and whether or not, such fraud was actual and wilful. I am of the further opinion that the court, having been put on notice with reference to one of these particular witnesses, and especially in view of the fact that this witness since the Court was so notified, has testified in approximately seventy-five cases, should have known that the spirit and the letter of the law were being absolutely violated, and I believe, therefore, that the court was derelict in its duty in not having taken judicial notice of the situation, and in not having called to account such witnesses and the attorneys who were making apparent misuse of said witnesses in the matter of their depositions.

The record shows that Judge Moncure, in his private practice, used a certain witness in thirty-six cases within a period of two years, and that according to our tabulation there would have been residing a t teh home of this witness, an average of twenty-four people for a given period. To my mind this shows that he held a very flexible view of the requirement of domicile and residence, and that he was contented with a technical residence to satisfy his mind before bringing suit. I believe that this present situation has grown from this lax conception of the requirements of law by Judge Moncure as a lawyer, and by other attorneys sharing his view in this regard, and that attorneys who contemplated that a technical residence of one year, lurred over a law either consciously or unconsciously drifted into a situation that forewent entirely any requirement for a domicil and residence at all, except in so far as some witness might readily testify to that fact, and that the court, believing that the law was complied with by a technical residence of one year, alurred over a situation which otherwise would have been obvious to him,—a situation which I believe, however, if it had been indelibly stamped upon his mind and which would have been indelibly stamped upon his mind, but for his personal convictions, the court would have willingly corrected long ago.

I cannot believe that our proximity to Washington solves the evil that is manifest here The fact that we live next to Washington, where there is only one ground for divorce, might explain why there are so many divorces in the city of Alexandria, but cannot justify it. The remedies of our divorce law are for Virginians, and not for outsiders who merely technicallly qualify as Virginians. I do not believe that the renting of a room in Alexandria for one year, even though occupied a certain number of times during that period, constitutes domicil within the meaning of the statute. Domicil is a matter of intention but that intention can be discredited by showing facts inconsistent therewith, and if these yearly room-renters reside, when not actually staying in Alexandria, in the same habitation they had before coming to Alexandria, it is evident that they have neither forsaken their previous domicil nor acquired a new one.

Because in my opinion there has been fraud, I heartily recommend that the evidence accumulated by this committee shall be presented to a grand jury for thorough investigation. I further recommend that Judge Moncure request the governor of the State of Virginia to designate a judge of some other court to come to Alexandria and summon a grand jury for this purpose. I make this recommendation not in criticism of the present grand jury summoned for that purpose, for they are composed of men of highest charcter, and they have always faithfully done their duty and will always do their duty under any circumstances. But it is manifestly unfair that reputable men should be put in the position where they can be in any way attacked or their honesty of purpose questioned.

If after an investigation by a grand jury, the responsibility of those who have contributed to this situation can be legally fixed, then of course the law must and should take its course. There can be no mitigation of criminal responsibility. Even in the absence of actual fraud, however, and of the fixing of the blame for such fraud by a grand jury, I am of the opinion that this situation is brought about by practices that are entirely reprehensible, unprofessional and unethical, and can not be justified, and would, I believe, result in the disbarment of those responsible for it, were such proceedings initiated.

Shall this committee recommend disbarment? If the law exacts no penalty, I can see no justice in our exacting a penalty simply because it may be within our power to do so. We will have done our duty if we expose the evil and condemn unmistakably the practices that have brought it about. If by their future conduct, they justify this evidence of our charity, no one can gainsay the wisdom of our course. I only ask that those who have contributed to bringing the bar of the city of Alexandria into bad repute, shall in the future conduct themselves with the due regard for the law, and with the proper conception of legal ethics.

Now as to the further matters presented to this committee. There is little need to discuss this testimony. Judge Moncure frankly stated that he believed a judge was justified in actively participating in politics, whether prompted by the impulse of his own convictions or by the majority opinion of a gathering of his political friends to determine the availability of certain candidates. To my mind this opinion by a judge is repugnant to my idea of the dignity and impartiality that should attach to so high an office.

Judge Moncure also justified the soliciting of business under certain circumstances. I do not believe it justifiable under any circumstances. I do not believe, as he suggests, that this is a matter wherein there may be a difference of opinion. The best thought of the legal fraternity for many years has condemned such conduct as unprofessional Certainly the soliciting of business i sa dangerous doctrine to come from the court, and I can not share in its advocacy.

Because I disagree so fundamentally with Judge Moncure in his attitude toward divorces, because of his convictions concerning the duties of his judicial office in the matters of political activity, and because of his justification of conduct I conceive to be unmistakably unprofessional, I believe he ih not suited to sit as judge. I think he has, because of these expressions of his convictions, impaired his own usefulness and suffered his office to lose its prestige. I say this reluctantly, for I have no grievance against Judge Moncure. He has faithfully remained at his post of duty. He has always been available and willing to serve both the litigant and lawyer. There is nothing in the record before us to question his honesty and integrity. No witness has questioned them, and I do not question them. But to my mind those traits of thought and habits of practice which should distinguish the judicial character are elemental, and do not permit of difference of opinion. I believe that the man belongs to the office, and not the office to the man, and that, therefore, the practitioner, when elevated to the Bench, should subordinate his private convictions to that circumspection of dignity and demeanor exacted of his office by the public conscience, and ideals, or else forego the honor.

In view of this opinion, and in the light of the disclosures at this hearing, I could not, as I have previously done, join in a recommendation of Judge Moncure's qualifications for the office he now holds. Therefore, in view of our report, I recommend that the Bar consider its previous endorsement, and that Judge Moncure determine the advisability of his remaining as judge in the light and terms of what the Bar's reconsideration of that endorsement may or may not be.

In my opinion not only has the court been on trial, but the whole Bar as well. Many people have lost faith in our profession. Two causes have contributed to this situation—a malicious newspaper publicity, and the unnecessary exchange of spiteful personalities at our hearings. I do not begrudge to the Washington Times nor to Frank Stuart, any credit in having brought this situation to the public notice. Alexandria, however, has known of conditions before this, just as censurable, and public spirited citizens have endeavored to arouse public opinion in correcting such evils. But Alexandria has never heeded its own prophets and if we can have a house-cleaning only by being awakened by outside agencies, we must not fail in our duty because of this fact. But both the Times and Stuart have gone far beyond the record, and neither has hesitated to slur upon the motives of conscientious citizens in a campaign that has misled the public. In their malicious thrusts at one man whom they hate, they have struck out wildly and besmirched the name of our city, the Bench, the Bar, the Ministry, and even private citizens. Such attacks were unfair untrue and unwarranted. There is no need for any false sentimentality about this condition; it involves but a few. The grist for the so-called divorce mill came from beyond our borders and has returned from whence it came. We need not censure ourselves in the thought that homes have been broken up, or the innocent made to suffer. For the most part they were adventurers—people without homes who drifted to our jurisdiction because our jurisdiction made it easy for them to get the results or relief they sought. In nearly every case, the complainant and defendant were willing parties to the suit. The harm has been in permitting these people to qualify even for a momnt as Virginians, and the shame is that they have been paraded to the world as Virginians.

In this hearing, evidence has been introduced, which, if true, reflects upon Frank Stuart, and tends to discredit him as a member of our Bar. In both fairness to him and to our Bar I recommend that the Grand Jury which shall investigate the divorce situation shall also investigate the fact whether Frank Stuart violated the election laws of the State of Virginia. Personally, I believe that if our election laws are violated, the integrity of our government is just as dangerously assailed as in the matter of illegal divorces, and it is only fair to the Bar and the city that this situation should be cleared up as well as the other.

Our investigation has been two-fold —to expose the situation, and second, to remedy it if possible. We have done both. In this connection, I desire to call to the public attention the rule of court adopted by this committee ,and which, upon our recommendation, was adopted willingly by the court. Since this rule was put into effect about February 15, 1922, there have been only two new divorce suits filed in the Corporation Court. I think this shows conclusively that this committee was sincere in its efforts to put a stop to this evil, for the record shows that the evil has been abated, and we only need to be on guard to see that this situation of abatement continues.

Respectfully submitted,
J. RANDALL CATON, JR.

BRYAN HISSED AT LUNCHEON

Washington City Club Members Resent Attempt to Interrupt Walnut

Mr. Bryan Was Scheduled to Deliver A Five Minute Address But Leaves Room

Washington, March 25.—Hisses greeted William Jennings Bryan, former secretary of state, when he attended the luncheon of the City Club yesterday afternoon. Mr. Bryan, who was scheduled to make a five-minute address to the members, left the clubhouse without the speech being delivered.

The occasion of the visit of the Commoner was to pay tribute to T. Henry Walnut, who was delivering an answer to the members telling them the inside story of why he was ousted from office as assistant United States district attorney.

Mr. Bryan and Bishop Joseph F. Berry were invited to attend the luncheon to make an address after Mr. Wailnut had finished speaking. They arrived 45 minutes after Mr. Walnut had started his address and stood listening to Mr. Walnut 10 minutes.

Then Joseph T. Hagedorn, a member of the club, said:

"I hope you will pardon me for interrupting you, Mr. Walnut, but we have with us Mr. William Jennings Bryan. Mr. Bryan can only stay a few moments, and I thought possibly he might interrupt you for five minutes to make an address. Mr. Bryan is here now."

Instantly the room was in an uproar. Cries of "No, no, no!" rang out, followed by hisses similar to those bestowed upon the villain of the old-fashioned melodramas of years ago. The hisses were followed by shouts of "Walnut, Walnut; we want Walnut!" "We will hear Bryan Sunday afternoon," some one shouted.

Mr. Bryan and Bishop Berry backed from the room into the hallway, and the former secretary could be seen shaking his head from one side. The calls for Walnut in the room still continued and everyone seemed to be talking at once.

Then a motion that Mr. Walnut be allowed to proceed without interruption was carried and followed by more cheers. The funeral arrangements Bryan made his exit.

APPOINTMENT OF NEGRO CAUSES STIR

Representative Ansorge Explains Reasons For His Unusual Action

MIDDIES PROTESTING

Rough Sledding For New York Appointee Is Predicted If He Succeeds In Entering.

Washington, March 25.—Interest here today in Representative M. C. Ansorge's appointment of a negro as a candidate to the Annapolis Naval Academy showed no abatement either at the Capitol or the Navy Department.

In response to a flood of inquiries the New York member today put out a statement of his reasons for the choice.

"I have distributed my appointments throughout the district," he said today. "There were four principals and twelve alternates to be named. I am happy to say that every boy in my district who applied received an appointment as principal or alternate.

"In the world war just won, negro boys enlisted or were drafted, irrespective of race. There were 500,000 negroes in the army and navy. As a matter of simple justice, and in recognition of the valor and Americanism of the negro in the war, I have nominated one to the Naval Academy. Three negroes have already graduated from West Point."

It is well understood that many officials at the Navy Department regret an appointment of this sort, but they admit that the New York congressman is within his rights in making it. They therefore will interpose no objection, even though they consider that it will raise unpleasant and strained situations, embarrassing particularly for the boy, in case he passes his entrance examinations.

There is, of course, a doubt if he will get through, as he has so far only the appointment, and must pass both physical and mental tests.

WESTERN LOSES

George Mason High School took the measure of Western High School of Washington, in a close game of baseball on the evening of Friday, 24. The game was staged on the Athletic field at Lloyd Station. The final score was 7 to 6 There was unusually good playing being as it was the first game of the season.

The G. M. H. S. line up was: Catcher, Heddings; Pitcher, R. Saffele; First Base, Deleshmutt; Second Base, Hawkins; Third Base, Scott; Short, Langley; Right Field, Smith; Center Field, Cobean; Left Field, Watson.

Men's Meeting Tomorrow

Senator M. E. Clapp will deliver an address at 3 o'clock tomorrow afternoon before a men's meeting which will be held in the Westminster Building. Seletcions will be given by a mandolin club and there will be a special musical program and singing by members of the Baraca Class. All are urged to attend and hear Senator Clapp, who is regarded as an excellent speaker.

EDUCATIONAL CONFERENCE

Next week Alexandria will have among her guests two distinguished educators from Washington, Dr. Lewis Ratteer, of the Research University, and Superintendent Frank Ballou, of the city schools.

The Kiwanis Club has kindly invited the visitors to a luncheon next Thursday and Dr. Ratteer will probably be the speaker of the occasion, in which event a most interestin gaddress may be antiicpated.

For Best Results Use

GAZETTE

Classified Columns

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—MARCH 24, A $20 BILL, BETween F. B. Howard's store and Woolworth store, on King street. Finder please return to 321 North St. Asaph street, and receive reward. 72-1p

WANTED

WANTED—SALESMAN WANTED, TO handle an established product in Alexandria; excellent proposition to the right party. For particulars call at 722 Bond Bldg., Washington, D. C., between 10 and 12 a. m. 71-2p

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—THREE UNFURNISHED housekeeping rooms; modern conveniences; reasonable. Apply W. B. Fulton, 368 Windsor avenue, Del Ray. 72-1p

FOR RENT—TWO NICE UNFURnished rooms. Apply after 5 o'clock. 1603 King street. 72-2p

FOR RENT—ROOMS AND APARTments, furnished or unfurnished. Apply 504 Prince street. 72-1p

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM IN private family; A. M. C.; gentlemen preferred. Phone 300-M. 226 North St. Asaph street. 72-1p

FOR RENT OR LEASE—LARGE, wide King street store building (first and second floor, with cellar); best location. Reasonable. Morris L. Horner, 612 King street. Phone 600. 72-tf

FOR RENT—ONE FURNISHED FRONT bedroom, on second floor, next to bath, a. m. l., gentlemen only. Apply 201 South Lee street. 71-2p

FOR RENT—LARGE FURNISHED room; central location. Apply 111 North Alfred street. 70-3p

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—NICE 10-ROOM HOUSE, 1003 Gibbon street Apply at 1001 Gibbon street. 72-1p

FOR SALE—ONE GAS RANGE, IN good condition. Apply 108 South St. Asaph street. 72-1p

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN PRICE, twin six, 4-passenger National roadster; first-class condition. Aero Auto Co., Inc. 1101 King street. 71-2c

FOR SALE—BUICK AUTO WITH SUMmer and winter top, in good condition. Will sell on easy terms. Address Box 85, care of Gazette Office. 70-4c

FOR SALE — CONVENIENTLY LOcated 7-room and bath brick house, in excellent condition, inside and out. Electric lights, latrobe heat. Price, terms, and inspection on application. Richard L. Ruffner, 618 King street. Phone 1091. 68-tf

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—100 PERSONS to eat in The Virginia Lunch, 403 King Street. 63-26c.

FOR SALE or RENT—913 and 917 Duke street, newly built with every modern convenience. Pleasing homes in nice location. T. J. FANNON. 71-3c

REWARD OF $200
Will be paid for the arrest and conviction of the party or parties guilty of setting fire to the property of the Old Dominion Boat Club on the night of March 20th.
J. T. Preston, Sec'y-Treas. 70-3c

Bargains in Used Cars
FORD, DODGE
CHEVROLET
Time Payments Arranged
AERO AUTO CO., Inc.
1101 King Street
Alex, Va. Phone 820

PUBLIC SALE

By virtue of decree entered in the Corporation Court, 15th day of March, I offer for sale at public auction on the 25th day March at 11 a. m., 1 Cadillac Roadster.

To be sold at Market House. Terms at sale cash. Car may be seen at Duncan's Garage

Howard W. Smith,
William S. Snow,
62-11c Commissioners.

Men's and Women's clothes cleaned and pressed at reasonable prices, work guaranteed. Wolfson's Tailor Shop, 310 King St. Phone 1097. 38-26c.

Tires Repaired, Retreaded
Service Tire and Battery Shop
Batteries Repaired, Recharged
Give Us a Call
E. BURNETT ALE
309 South Alfred Street. Phone 553-w
69-26c

NOTICE

B. P. O. E., 758, attention! Regular meeting Monday, March 27, called to order 7:30 p. m.

By order of the Exalted Ruler.
H. A. Stewart.
71-2p Geo. Bontz, Jr., Sec.

THOMAS L. CARTER, Auctioneer
Auction Sale of Unredeemed Pledges ON WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 29, 1922, AT 10 O'CLOCK.

I will commence to sell at the establishment of E. Heidenheimer Inc., 505 King Street, Alexandria, Va., all pledges upon which the interest is overdue up to this date, consisting of Diamond Rings, Pin, Ear Rings, and Gold, Silver and Metal Watches, all kinds of Fine Jewelry, Guns, Revolvers Silverware, Books, Umbrellas, etc., together with a line of goods generally found in a loan office. Ticket holders kindly take notice.

E. HEIDENHEIMER, INC.
69-6t.

I have finished making a large assortment of trousers. See my line of spring samples for that new suit.
H. C. SMITH
919 King Street
45-26c.

WALL PAPER
PAPERHANGING
and
DECORATING
R. L. WALKER
PHONE 1043-W
1107 Prince Street
61-26p.

NOTICE
I will buy all kinds of gents clothing, send a postal or phone 1097. I will call.
WOLFSON'S TAILOR SHOP
310 King Street
38-26c

A Colored Dentist
Dr. W. Lee Harris
A Modern Up-To-Date Office
Lady Attendant
405 North Alfred Stret
Alexandria, Va.
Office Hours—Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. 59-26-p

NOTICE
Upholstering, Furniture Repairing, and Cabinet Work Done, at 603 Queen Street. By J. E. Wells. 58-26-p

FOR RENT—A large attractively furnished apartment in best location, for rent to a select party. Morris Horner, Phone 600 Alexandria, 72-tf.

H. B. TRIBBY
General Contractor
Get our estimates on anything you expect to build.
Room 8
624 King Street
24-26c.

GOODYEAR Service Station
BELLE HAVEN GARAGE

FOR SALE
WOOD—Stove length, $12.00 per cord. Call 776 or 268.
6-tf. ROBERT ARNOLD

Southern Railway System

South.		North.
3:27 a.m.	Memphis Special	12:18 a.m.
*3:37 a.m.	Washington-Harrisonburg (Local)	8:25 p.m.
7:37 a.m.	Washington-Danville (Local)	8:15 p.m.
9:37 a.m.	Washington-Danville (Express)	.....
9:17 a.m.	New York-New Orleans	10:43 p.m.
9:22 a.m.	Washington-Harrisonburg (Local)	9:15 p.m.
3:47 p.m.	Birmingham Special	12:18 p.m.
4:12 p.m.	Washington-Harrisonburg (Local)	11:06 a.m.
4:22 p.m.	Washington-Charlottesville (Local)	10:58 a.m.
5:22 p.m.	Washington-Warrenton (Local)	7:58 a.m.
7:17 p.m.	N. Y.-Augusta-Asheville	7:18 a.m.
10:07 p.m.	Washington-Atlanta	7:28 a.m.
10:47 p.m.	Chattanooga Limited	7:28 a.m.
11:12 p.m.	New York-New Orleans (Limited)	8:23 a.m.

*Daily except Sundays.
A. M. Smith, Agent, Alexandria, Va.
S. H. Hardwick, Dist. Pass. Agent, Washington, D. C.

Rich'd, Fred. & Pot. R. R.

South		North
	New York-Jacksonville	
3:32 a. m.	(A. C. L.)	11:30 p. m.
	Washington-Richmond	
7:57 a. m.	(Local)	11:47 a. m.
	New York-Atlanta-Jacksonville	
9:13 a. m.	(S. A. L.)	8:30 p. m.
	New York-Florida	
9:47 a. m.	(A. C. L.)	6:11 a. m.
	Washington-Fredericksburg	
10:20 a. m.	(Local)	3:04 a. m.
	Washington-Richmond	
12:02 p. m.	(Express)	2:16 p. m.
	Washington-Fredericksburg	
3:07 p. m.	(Local)	8:04 a. m.
	New York-Augusta-Florida	
3:32 p. m.	(A. C. L.)	12:00 p. m.
	Washington-Atlanta-Birmingham	
5:17 p. m.	(S. A. L.)	11:00 a. m.
	Washington-Richmond	
5:27 p. m.	(Local)	*9:52 p. m.
	New York-Columbia	
8:12 p. m.	(S. A. L.)	7:18 a. m.
	New York-Florida	
9:57 p. m.	(A. C. L.)	8:15 a. m.
	New York-Tampa-St. Petersburg	
10:02 p. m.	(S. A. L.)	8:35 a. m.

(k)—Sundays only.
(x)—Week days only.
(*)—Week days. On Sundays 8:17 p. m.

ON THE 5:15

IF THE MISSUS WASN'T HOME WE COULD PLAY POKER OUT TO THE HOUSE EVERY NIGHT
BILL, I'VE GOT AN IDEA - I'LL PICK A FIGHT WITH THE WIFE - THEN SHE'LL GO HOME TO MOTHER FOR A WEEK OR SO
FINE, SAPPO, FINE!
HEY BILL, DID YOU HEAR ABOUT THE SCRAP SAPPO AND HIS WIFE HAD - SHE WENT TO HER MOTHERS
NEXT DAY
HA-HA- LISTEN GUS- WE PLANNED THAT SCRAP SO WE'D HAVE A PLACE TO PLAY CARDS HA-HA!
HA-HA- SO SHE WENT HOME TO MOTHER- HAVE YOU SEEN SAPPO, GUS?
WHY SAPPO'S IN THE HOSPITAL
Copyright, 1922, by King Features Syndicate, Inc.
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SEGAR

CITIZENS NATIONAL BANK

All Departments Under Federal Supervision

Strong and Safe
Capital $200,000.00

Surplus and Undivided Profits $275,000.00

Strong in having ample capital and surplus for safe guarding its depositors.

Strong in having its officers and directors and employees alive to the best interest of its patrons as well as those of the bank.

Strong and Safe in having available money and sufficient resources with which to meet its demands.

Safe in having a record for honest dealings and ability to make good all promises.

Safe in being careful in making its loans.

We offer personal service in all our Departments, Commercial, Savings, Trust and Safe Deposit.

The American Agricultural Chemical Company
Successor to
Alexandria Fertilizer & Chemical Co.
Manufacturers and Importers
Fertilizers and Fertilizer Materials
Factory and Office Alexandria, Virginia.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
Alexandria, Va.

IN CHOOSING A BANK IN WHICH TO DEPOSIT YOUR MONEY, YOU SHOULD LOOK FOR

STRENGTH—	The large resources of this institution—its substantial capital and surplus, place it in the front rank of the strong banks of Virginia.
CHARACTER—	It's record of achievement during the fifty eight years of service is convincing evidence of its conservatism and integrity.
SERVICE—	Efficient, prompt and courteous service is the aim of everyone connected with the institution.

SAVE---
For The "Rainy Day"

A savings account in this strong bank will protect you against the proverbial "RAINY DAY." It will also assure you money at any time you may need it.

3 per cent Interest on Savings

ALEXANDRIA NATIONAL BANK
Alexandria, Va.

Girl Seeks $50,000,000 for "Broken Heart"

Alleging that John Wood Brooks-Ladd, millionaire secretary of a Chicago metal firm, "jilted" her after promising to make her his wife, Miss Ethel Jay French is suing him for $50,000,000. This is the most staggering sum ever asked as recompense for a "broken heart." It was through the persuasion of a business associate, declares Miss French, that the millionaire refused to marry her.

STOCKHOLDER'S MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Washington Sanitary Improvement Company will be held at the office of James E. and Harry B. Caton, No. 111 South Fairfax Street, Alexandria, Va., on Tuesday, April 4th, 1922, at 2 o'clock p. m. 69-14c. Geo. S. Wilson, Secty.

WASHINGTON-VIRGINIA RAILWAY CO. NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

Winter schedule of trains between Washington, Alexandria and Mt. Vernon, effective 1:00 A. M., December 1, 1921. Daily except Sunday and holidays.

Leave Washington for Alexandria, Mt. Vernon and intermediate stations. A. M., 6:00, 6:15*, 6:35, 6:50, 7:05, 7:10, 7:15*, 7:20, 7:25, 7:35, 7:35, 7:49, 7:50, 8:00, 8:10, 8:15*, 8:30, 8:45, 9:00*, 9:15, 9:30*, 9:45, 10:00*, 10:15, 10:30*, 10:45, 11:00*, 11:15, 11:30*, 11:45, 12:00* noon, P. M., 12:15, 12:30*, 12:45, 1:00*, 1:15, 1:30*, 1:45, 2:00*, 2:15, 2:30*, 2:45, 3:00*, 3:15, 3:30*, 3:45, 3:53, 4:00*, 4:05, 4:10, 4:15, 4:20, 4:25, 4:30, 4:35, 4:40, 4:45, 4:50, 4:55, 5:00*, 5:05, 5:10, 5:15, 5:20, 5:25, 5:35, 5:43, 5:50, 5:55, 6:00*, 6:05, 6:10, 6:15, 6:20, 6:30, 6:45, 7:00*, 7:20, 7:40, 8:00*, 8:20, 8:40, 9:00*, 9:20, 9:40, 10:00*, 10:20, 10:40, 11:00, 11:15, 11:25*, 11:45, 12:15, 12:50.

*Mt. Vernon trains.

Leave Alexandria for Washington and intermediate stations: A. M., 5:00, 5:40, 6:00, 6:15, 6:30, 6:40, 6:45, 6:55, 7:00, 7:10, 7:17, 7:25, 7:35, 7:40, 7:42, 7:45, 7:50, 7:55, 8:06, 8:05, 8:10, 8:15, 8:20, 8:30, 8:45, 8:55, 9:10, 9:25, 9:40, 9:55, 10:10, 10:25, 10:40, 10:55, 11:10, 11:25, 11:40, 11:56.—P. M., 12:10, 12:25, 12:40, 12:55, 1:10, 1:25, 1:40, 1:55, 2:10, 2:25, 2:40, 2:55, 3:10, 3:25, 3:40, 3:55, 4:10, 4:15, 4:22, 4:25, 4:35, 4:40, 4:45, 4:52, 4:55, 5:00, 5:05, 5:15, 5:20, 5:25, 5:30, 5:35, 5:40, 5:45, 5:55, 6:10, 6:25, 6:40, 7:00, 7:20, 7:40, 8:00, 8:20, 8:40, 9:00, 9:20, 9:40, 10:00, 10:20, 10:40, 10:55, 11:15, 11:40, 12:15.

Leave Mt. Vernon for Alexandria, Washington and intermediate stations: A. M., 6:15, 7:15, 8:30, 9:12, 10:00, 11:00, 12:00 noon; P. M. 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:15, 8:15, 9:15, 10:15, 11:15, 12:20x

Leave Alexandria for Mt. Vernon, daily except Sundays and holidays: A. M., 5:30, 6:45, 7:45, 8:49, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30. P. M. 12:30, 1:30, 2:30 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:36, 8:36, 9:36, 10:36, 11:55x. 10:36, 11:55.

xTrain runs to Four Mile Run only.

Pocket schedule may be obtained at all ticket offices.—Washington-Virginia Railway Co.

282-be

150,000,000 Dubles For Dress Suit

London, March 24.—The Soviet has capitulated to convention. It will buy dress suits for its delegates to the Genoa convention.

The Moscow government received notification from the allies that when the soviet delegates go to Genoa they will be expected to adorn themselves in the evening with the customary hard-boiled shirt and swallowedtail coat of formal attire.

The soviet thereupon asked for bids from the best Moscow tailors, and finally appropriated the sum of 150,000,000 rubles for each man, wherewith to purchase the habiliments of civilized society.

The Australian eucalyptus tree sometimes attains a height of 500 ft.

Circassian walnut is heavier than water and will not float.

SNOWDEN AND HOLLOWELL SCHOOL LOTS OFFERED FOR SALE

Bids will be received up to noon Monday, April 3rd, 1922, for the lots of ground located in the four hundred block on North Alfred Street, and the six hundred block in South Pitt Street formerly used for school purposes. The right to reject any and all bids is reserved.

Alexandria City School Board,
71-4c e. o. d. Gilbert J. Cox, Clerk.

Fannon's Coal is Popular

Because It Is ALL COAL

Signorina Eurbligis of Rome, Italy's most beautiful woman, is said to have the prettiest mouth in the world.

The first lunar eclipse of which there is record occurred March 19, 721 B. C., according to Ptolemy.

AUCTION SALE

By Thomas L. Carter, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE:—Sale of a desirable two story frame dwelling and lots upon which it is built, located in Arlington County, Va.

By virtue of and pursuant to the terms of a deed of trust dated December 29, 1920, executed by E. J. Comeau, unmarried, to Courtland H. Davis, a s trustee, and of record in Deed Book 173 page 126 of the land records of Arlington County, Virginia, at the written request and direction of the party thereby secured, default having been made in the payment of the indebtedness secured by said deed of trust, the undersigned Trustee will offer for sale at public auction, in front of the Royal Street entrance to the market house, in Alexandria City, Virginia, on WEDNESDAY, April 12th, 1922, at 12 o'clock M., that parcel of ground with the improvements there on and the appurtenances thereto belonging, located in the County of Arlington, Virginia, and known as follows:

All those two lots or parcels of ground with the buildings and improvements thereon and the appurtenances thereunto belonging, being known and designated as LOTS No. SIX and SEVEN (6 & 7) in BLOCK SEVEN (7) of a certain plan of lots known as PARK ADDITION to Alexandria, according to plat recorded in Deed Book No. 4, page 231, of said County land records, and being the same property which was conveyed to the said E. J. Comeau by M. B. Harlow, widower, by deed dated July 10, 1920, and recorded among the land records of said County in Deed Book 170 page 409.

Above property will be sold subject to a first Trust for $2,500.00, which comes due December 10th, 1923, and interest from June 10, 1921. Interest will be adjusted to date of sale.

TERMS OF SALE:—Conveyancing at the cost of purchaser or purchasers, including revenue stamps. Balance over first trust to be paid cash by purchaser.

Courtland H. Davis,
70-9c. e. o. d. Trustee.

S. Kann Sons Co.
"THE BUSY CORNER" PENNA. AVE. AT 8TH. ST.

Open 9:15 a. m. Close 6:00 p. m.

We Have Two Splendid Lines of Spring Suits

At $29.75 and $35.00

We are enthusiastic enough to believe that you cannot find their equal in this city at these two prices.

The Materials Are Twill Cords and Tricotines

The styles—Box and mandarin models, with bell sleeves.

The trimmings—Braid and silk stitching; some plain tailored.

The colors, the staple navy and black.

Kann's—Second Floor.

SCHOOL DAYS

By DWIG

I'LL RACE YOU DOWN TO GALLOP'S SAW MILL.
COME ON- GET GONE!
WAIT! WAIT — I BUSTED ONE OF MY STRINGS!
WHERE ARE THE CARS OF YESTER YEAR?
DWIG

Humming Bird Has Home in Teaspoon

Here's a spoonful of humming birds! This remarkably interesting photograph was made by A. A. Allen, assistant professor of ornithology at Cornell University. The brood is resting comfortably, even though the young hummers are scarcely visible. The mother bird was snapped while snatching a few moments' rest.

Airplane Lands in Capitol Plaza for First Time

For the first time in history an airplane has landed infront of the United States Capitol at Washington. Lawrence Sperry, driving one of the smallest planes in existance, did this stunt. In trying to stop the plane Sperry was forced to drive his crafe part way up the steps of the Capitol on the Senate wing side.. Here you have two views of the plane as it landed.

Tex Rickard Awaits Verdict in New York

Tex Rickard, famous fight promoter and millionaire oil man, who is on trial in a New York court on serious charges made by youthful girls, anxiously awaits the verdict. During the taking of testimony Rickard has attentively watched each witness, but apparently has not been disturbed by the stories they told of how he entertained them at Madison Square Garden and his apartment.

The girls who accused Rickard are Anna Hess, eleven; Mary Habatuk, eleven; Elvira Renzie, twelve; Nellie Gasko, fourteen; Alice Ruck, fifteen; Sarah Schoenfeld, fifteen. It is on the Shoenfeld girl's charge that he was indicted.

Summary of the Annual Report of the Bell System

Forty-five years after the invention of the telephone Europe has only one telephone to each 100 of the population, while the United States, with only one-sixteenth of the population of the world, has two-thirds of the world's telephones. This statement, set forth by President H. B.Thayer in the annual report of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, is an indication of the steadily growing demand for telephone service and of the success achieved in meeting that demand.

The year ending December 31, 1921, says the report, has been a year which on review shows good progress in the things which we consider most constructive:

Our stock issue added materially to the strength of our financial structure.

We approached more nearly to the ability to fill promptly new applications for service.

The quality of both exchange and toll service steadily improved.

The efficiency of the whole operating force increased and is increasing.

The development of the art of telephony by research and invention, and by their application to the construction and operation of plant, was exceptionally noteworthy.

While our gross earnings did not increase as might have been expected had business been normal, our net earnings more than held their own.

We increased and broadened our efforts to bring about a better and more sympathetic understanding of our policies, problems and practices by all of the elements making up the public which we serve.

The report shows that the value of the property of the Bell System companies is much in excess of the book figures, and that the 5 per cent earned last year on the book cost of their plant enabled the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, due to the conservative financial structure of the system, to show 11.1 per cent earnings on its outstanding capital stock.

The policy of the Bell System to cooperate with and aid regulatory bodies is reaffirmed in the report on the premise that the real interests of the company and its patrons are identical and that regulation by commission is of advantage to both. Good service, freedom from discrimination and rates that would be just and reasonable were required of the utility prior to enactment of commission laws. The commission statutes provide machinery for correction of the utility if it fails in those requirements.

While the laws provide for rates which will be just and reasonable, they do not prescribe the revenue to be derived from such rates. Although rates which are confiscatory are prohibited by the national constitution, and those of many states, a just and reasonable rate is somewhere between the bare cost of service and its value to the use. If it is not less than the bare cost, the business can not continue. If it is not less than the value of the service the number of customers will be restricted and again the business can not continue. This is the economic law to which all statutory enactments must yield. The fact that the telephone service can be produced at a cost and sold to telephone users at a price very much less than the value of the service to the subscriber, constitutes the insurance of the stability of the business.

The report points out also that commissions must have full information and owing to the complicated scope of their duties should have longer terms of office. Their functions deal with business as well as strictly legal questions.

The American people depend upon the Bell System for a nation-wide service of an intimate nature which must be improved and developed as the discoveries in science permit and which must be extended to meet the requirements of a growing population and a growing use. The rates necessary to provide for the mutual welfare of the public and the business which serves the public are, in the case of the Bell System, well within the limit permitted by law.

Among the important matters covered in the report are the organization of the Bell Telephone Securities Company for the purpose of interesting telephone subscribers and others financially in the system; the employees' stock purchase plan in which over 100,000 employees are interested; the development of the loud speaking telephone system which, by means of the long distance lines, carried the Armistice Day exercises to thousands across the continent; the opening of the telephone cable to Cuba; and the development in radio telephony for public usefulness.

During the past ten years, the investment in plant and equipment of the Bell System devoted to public service is shown to have increased 150 per cent.

The expansion of the telephone business in the United States has been enormously greater than the growth of population or general business. In twenty years the population has increased 45 per cent. while the number of telephones has increased about 900 per cent.

At the end of the year there were over 13,380,000 owned and connected stations in the Bell System, two-thirds of all the telephones in the world. Any one of these telephones may be connected with any other telephone in the Bell System. During 1921, alone, the net gain in owned and connected telephones was 778,284 and viewed from the standpoint of the value of the service to user, this means that from each telephone connected with the Bell System, it was possible at the end of 1921 to reach over three-quarters of a million more homes and places of business than at the beginning of the year. This remarkable growth in telephone business also bears eloquent witness of the worth of telephone service.

American standards of service and equipment and the facts in respect to telephone plant and station development afford substantial proof that the telephone service in the United States is the best and cheapest in the world.

Earnings and Expenses

The consolidated Bell System income statement, which represents the business of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company and its Associated Companies, shows total operating revenues of $497,088,233, an increase of $47,646,118 over the previous year. The total operating expenses were $363,687,283, an increase of $16,867,666. Taxes amounted to $34,512,479, an increase of $6,671,145. There was paid $36,773,998 in interest and $47,848,394 in dividends, leaving a balance for surplus of $19,576,289.

The report shows that the American Telephone and Telegraph Company after meeting all operating charges and making adequate provision for depreciation and obsolencence, and for Federal and other taxes had available for interest and dividends $73,526,900.81. The interest charges were $19,524,197.09, an increase of $658,508.65 over similar charges for 1920, and dividends paid to stockholders at the rate of $8.00 per share per year for the first quarter and $9.00 per share per year for the last three-quarters of 1921 amounted to $42,674,403.00. Of the resulting balance, there was appropriated for contingencies $3,000,000, and the remainder ($8,328,300.72) was carried to the Surplus Account.

In the American Telephone and Telegraph Company the number of shareholders of record on December 31, 1921 was 186,342, an increase of 46,894 during the year. The average number of shares held was 29 and there were more women shareholders than men. Of the total number of shareholders, approximately 25,700 are employees of the Bell System.

Millionaire Killed in Chase of Bandits

On the trail of robbers who had looted his home, Henry S. Graves, New York Millionaire, met death when his automobile climbed a stone wall and crashed into a tree. Henry Wilson, Jr., another millionaire, who was riding with Graves also was killed.

Premier Finds it Lonely Job to Keep on Heights of Fame

Power has its disadvantages, claims Lolyd George, Premier of the British Empire during its stormy days of the past five years. "The higher you climb, the colder and lonilier it becomes," he told his friends while snatching a few days of peace and quiet at him home at Criccieth, Wales "Also, it is necessary to deny yourself the comforts of peaceful home life."

The picture shows the Premier with his wife and daughter, Miss Megan Lloyd George, in a peaceful mood at his fireside. But the joy was short-lived, for the Premier was forced to return to London to face the supreme fight of his career. On April 5 he will seek a vote of confidence from Parliament, prior to his departure for the Genoa Economic Conference. A faction of the Liberal Party opposes the confidence vote.

Illinois Governor Soon to Face Trial

Governor Len Small, of Illinois, will go to trial April 3 in Cook County for alleged embezzlement of State interest funds. With his chief counsel, C. C. Leforge, the Illinois Chief Executive here is shown in the courtroom at Waukegan, where he recently was granted a delay in his trial. Lieutenant-Governor Sterling and Vernon Curtis, a banker, stand cocharged with the Governor. They will be tried separately. Below is Treasurer Edward F. Miller, who will be one of the chief witnesses for the State in the trial of Small.

Defies Objection, Elopes

Despite the objection of her parents, due to her youth, Miss Margaret Train, daughter of former Assistant District Attorney Cheney Train, of New York, has eloped and become the bride of Reginald Embree, of Boston, her fellow art student in Paris. They will go from Los Angeles to Algiers for a honeymoon.

Students of ancient languages have failed to discover in them any system of punctuation.

Laundry Worker Rivals Caruso!

Giuseppe Argentino, Brooklyn laundry worker, is said to have a tenor voice that rivals that of the late Enrico Caruso. Argentino will be making operatic history and scoring notable triumphs within a few years, declares Professor Jascha Bourg, who is guiding the destinies of the new "find." The laundry worker sings clearly in high "E" Broug asserts, while the late Metropolitan Opera Company star was only able to reach high "C"

The Rider Gets a Thrill and a Spill

Crack military riders of the Bulgarian Army competed at Sofia in the presence of King Boris and the royal family, and performed some daring equestrian stunts. This rider got a thrill and a spill. The necks of both horse and rider were endangered by this fall from a ten foot embankment.